

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XIII, NO. 17.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1922.

\$2.00 YEARLY

Get Your Gardening Supplies Here

We have a full stock of
Gates
Garden Tools
Garden Seeds
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Poultry Netting

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This Week

Blairmore Hardware Co.

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

BELLEVUE HAS REAL BUILDING BOOM

Bellevue at the present time seems to be the most live spot in The Pass, for the people there have started in real earnest to make the town rise from the debris caused by the windstorms and fires of the last year.

Already, building operations are well under way and the walls of three fine structures of fireproof material are taking the place of framework that was destroyed.

The new buildings are a general store for Messrs. Johnson & Cousins, a theatre for W. Cole and a pool hall. These are all being built of brick tile.

In addition to the above, excavation has commenced for the foundation of the new offices for the West Canadian Collieries, at a point near the old fan and just north-east of the new washhouse. This building will be of large dimensions and very elaborate, somewhat along the lines of the head office in Blairmore. The contract for the office building is in the hands of E. J. Pozzi, of Blairmore.

We understand that plans are being drawn for many other substantial buildings for Bellevue, which will include the new Oddfellows' building.

M. ROSSE WILL ERECT TWO-STORY BUILDING

E. J. Pozzi has secured the contract for the erection of a two-story brick building on the site of the Cash Grocery building, which was destroyed by fire recently. The new building will have full basement, 80 by 25 feet, of cement.

Already the lot is being cleared and excavation will commence next week.

The blue bird brings happiness, but the stock brings \$400 tax exemption.

TOWN COUNCIL REGULAR SESSION

The regular semi-monthly session of the Blairmore town council was held on Monday night, Mayor McLeod and Councillors McDonald, McVey, Morency, Morgan and McDonald being present.

The minutes of previous meeting were adopted as read and the following accounts were passed for payment, subject to approval of committees: Alberta Government Telephones \$18.35, Gotta Percha Rubber Company \$167.31, Blairmore Enterprise \$19.40, Paul Baratelli \$11.75, Northern Electric Company \$47.44, Lethbridge Herald \$2.16, Calgary Herald \$2.70, Scott's Grocery \$16.75, Sundry Relief Accounts \$6.25, King George Cafe \$5.00, W. Foreman \$8.00, James Warner \$8.00.

In connection with the account of E. J. Pozzi for laying water connection to the arena, Council would hold themselves responsible only for eighteen feet from the building as prescribed in application form.

Communication from Board of Railway Commissioners, addressed to His Worship the Mayor, informed that the removal of daylight trains would not be permitted until question is further considered at the next western sitting of the board.

Councillor J. A. McDonald asked for authority to secure electric light poles, needed practically immediately, and it was decided to try to secure the necessary poles through the coal company.

The Mayor informed the council that a number of complaints had been made to him by women, whose husbands had become the victims of gambling funds, and urged that something be done to put a stop to the gambling that is undoubtedly going on in the town. He cited one instance where a woman had stated that her husband had lost the full amount of his last pay check without paying bills due or leaving any wherewithal for the needs of his family. And there were others and a general roundup was urged by the council.

It was discovered that some of the councillors were enjoying a street light in front of their residences, while others were not so fortunate, so it was ordered that a light be placed on a pole opposite Councillor Morgan's corner immediately.

It was also decided that repairs be effected to portions of plank sidewalks and crossings, which were reported to be in a dangerous condition.

COWLEY WILL BE ENFETE ON MAY 24TH

Bills are now out announcing the programme for May the 24th at Cowley, when memoirs of the good old days will return in reality.

The programme as already planned includes horse races, foot races, baseball, football, bucking contests, etc., and splendid prizes will be awarded in all events.

It was hoped that arrangements could be made whereby a polo match between the Calgary and North Fork crack teams would take place in the afternoon, but the Calgary team finds it impossible to be present.

The grounds are being got in readiness and every effort is being made by the committee, Messrs. Morrow, Eddy, Morrison, Milvain and Franz, to make this year's celebration the very best ever.

At night a grand dance will conclude the programme at Tustian's hall. This has always been a joyful and fitting climax to the big day's events. Bellevue orchestra will furnish music.

Mrs. D. Gray, widow of the late Mayor Edmund Disney, and her daughter Elsa, have arrived at Coleman from England to take up residence in the old home.



Insure Your Premium

If you will deposit in your savings account each month one-twelfth of your annual insurance premium, it will be easy to pay for your life insurance when due.

Nothing in addition to your savings can mean as much to you in old age, or to your relatives after death, as insurance. Start a savings account with us today.

Copy of our booklet "One Dollar Weekly" free on request

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes

J. B. Wilson, Manager

Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes

S. J. Lamey, Acting Manager

Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.

OUR GREAT SHOE SALE CONTINUES

There are still a few bargains left in exceptionally fine qualities and models.

Blairmore Trading Co.

The Store With the Good Goods

THE SWAN SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN

FITTED WITH THE SMOOTHEST GOLD NIBS.

THE LEVER OPERATES WITH A FLIP OF THE FINGER.

IT FILLS INSTANTLY.

CALL AND SEE OUR ASSORTMENT.

THE BLAIRMORE PHARMACY

: The Leading Store :

Good Wholesome Food

WHITE BEANS--- Slightly Broken, but Good Cookers
Special 2 lbs. for 25c 9 lbs. for 50c

Wagstaffe's Strawberry, Raspberry, Black Currant, Pear, Cherry, Raspberry & Red Currant Mixed Jams

Special for Saturday, per 4lb tin 90c.

COOPER'S ORANGE MARMALADE, per tin 75c.

Strawberries, Grape Fruit, Bananas, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Spinach, Green Onions, Celery

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

You will find our stock of Footwear complete with the smartest goods for Men, Women and Children. We have the Vassar and Lady Belle Brand for Women. The Chum Brand for Children. The Tred Right for Boys in black and brown and the Regal and Slater in Men's Fine Shoes. Men's Heavy Dress Boots and Work Shoes from 3.75. New shipment of Men's Leckie Work Boots in high and low cuts.

CLOTHING

Before buying that spring suit for yourself or your boy, call and see our line of styles and values. Our now Spring models for men and young men are second to none and values are unsurpassed.

DON'T FORGET OUR DISCOUNT OF 5 PER CENT

THE F. M. THOMPSON CO.

Phone 25

Blairmore

GENTLEMEN!

Did it ever strike you that Blairmore has the finest equipped Tailor Shop in Western Canada, bar none?

And when you are ready for that Suit come where you can get all the advantages that go with a fine organization.

J. E. UPTON.

Tailor to The People of The Crows' Nest Pass

Phone 85

Blairmore

WHAT MAKES THEM WILD

The printer in the open shop set up a poster to advertise an address by a militant suffragette. Her subject was "Woman: Without Her, Man Be a Savage."

Would Be a Savage.

When the speaker called for the posters the proofreader had to leave town suddenly, for the flaming sheets read: "Woman, Without Her Man, Would be a Savage."

See Us

Now is the time to see us about a new Car for spring. We will be pleased to demonstrate for you the latest Chevrolet and Studebaker cars.

The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

(West End of Town)
Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars
BLAIRMORE Phone 105

The Heating of The Home!

We can install for you a
Steam, Hot-Water or Warm-Air
Furnace System.

Knapman Plumbing & Heating Co.

P. O. Box 262 Res. Phone 195

THE PALM CAFE

ICE CREAM PARLOR
and CONFECTIONERY

Our Private Boxes are The Best

We have curtailed off our boxes and invite you to drop in and inspect them.

Special Breakfast, Dinner and Supper served for 50c.
Home-Made French Pastry always fresh.

Home-Made Candies and Ice Cream.
Have your light lunch or ice cream after the theatre at THE PALM CAFE.

Open from 6 a.m. to 1 a.m.

THE PALM CAFE is the cleanest and most up-to-date place in the Pass.

Two doors east of the Orpheum Theatre.

BLAIRMORE, — ALBERTA

OFFICE PHONE 1455

RESIDENCE PHONE 154

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Contractor & Builder

Best-Stocked Lumber
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Rough and Dressed Lumber
Sash and Doors. Shingles and Lath
Cement and Brick Construction
All Building Materials Supplied.

Plans Furnished. Estimates Submitted

Office and Lumber Yard, Victoria Street,
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

Painting and Decorating

Full line of **Paint & Varnish** in Stock.
Satisfactory Work Guaranteed. Prices Right.

— YOURS FOR A SQUARE DEAL EVERY TIME —
1922 Season Hudson Bay Wall Paper—
Samples now in.

G. K. SIRETT

PHONE 16c —BELLEVUE, ALBERTA

John Casey, father of H. O. Corner, of Bellevue, died at Wetaskiwin last week. Mr. Casey was born at St. Anne, New Brunswick, sixty-eight years ago and had been a resident of Wetaskiwin for about nineteen years.

The old Workers' hall, one of the landmarks of Bellevue, has been torn down and the materials used in the building of cottages, one of which will be occupied by Mr. Watts Goodwin.

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W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Thurs., April 27, 1922

REPROVING UPLIFTERS

The portents against the no doubt well-intentioned efforts of the "uplifters," a word coined, so far as we remember by that clever man, Bishop Fallon, are increasing, and it would be well if they as well as our legislators, took notice of them. Thus the Ottawa Journal says:

"Real reform is being ruined by some reformers. They have become so intemperate, so intolerant, so Russian-like in their tactics, that they are turning people against prohibitory laws that are good, and thus doing immeasurable harm. It is time that they began to realize that their overzealousness is defeating their own ends; that they are formulating a sort of public mental rebellion against all kinds of 'verboten' legislation; that morality cannot be legislated into human nature."

That much for Canada. On top of it comes a despatch to the Montreal Star from London which says that Lord Beaverbrook has started a campaign against the "tyranny of the Puritan." His main reason for this is that some uplifters over in Great Britain want to stop the Grand National race on the ground of cruelty to horses. He says that he dreads the imitation there of the idea of the "American and Canadian uplifter that man can be made better by depriving him of natural pleasures and activities." That is not a very pleasant statement to get about for Canada.

Some people might object to Lord Beaverbrook as an authority; but here is a quotation from the London Daily Express: "Laws dealing with every conceivable human activity multiply increasingly. Some of these laws necessarily fail to command universal respect. Take prohibition. The law is constantly evaded by respectable and honest people. In England the careless folly and cruelty of our own divorce laws are not improbably responsible for extraordinary prevalence of bigamy. Nor is there any man who thinks the worse of himself for an attempt to purchase matches after 8 p.m. Laws should be few and correspond to the normal conscience of the people. If they do not, they will be broken—and once the habit of breaking any law, however trivial, is generally condoned, no man can say where it will stop."

We could easily give quotations from the United States press along similar lines, but enough has been said to make the people think of stopping the flow of that "too many laws" which are being made—Kingston Standard.

JUNIOR TENNIS CLUB FORMED

The C.G.L.T. Girls and Tuxis Boys held a meeting in the Mission Hall last evening for the purpose of forming a tennis club. After a short discussion on the matter, the following officers were elected:

President—Miss Lillian Knapman.
Vice-President—Robt. Barnhill.
Secretary-Treasurer—Miss Palmer.
The club is to have one of the courts at the rear of the Union church and is for the use of these two groups only, as far as juniors are concerned. It has been arranged that the juniors can use the senior court when not in use or vice versa. The membership fee has been set at \$2.00 for boys and \$1.00 for girls and the club will purchase four rackets for the use of the members.

After the meeting a lunch was partaken of and the meeting dispersed, all voting that they had spent a most enjoyable evening.

ECLIPSES AND AN ECLIPSE

On September 31 there will be a total eclipse of the sun, to which the astronomers of its world are looking forward with intense interest.

Everyone knows, of course, that an eclipse results from the intrusion of the moon between the sun and the earth, which cuts off the light of the sun. It is an interesting and important coincidence that, although the diameter of the sun is about 400 times as large as that of the moon, the sun is also about 400 times as far away as the moon—sometimes a little more, sometimes a little less. The optical result is that the sun and the moon appear to be of about the same size in the sky. Since the orbits of the earth and the moon are not circles, but ellipses, the distance from us to the moon and to the sun varies. When the moon is near us it appears larger—not to the naked eye, but to the instruments of astronomers. Its disk is then a little larger than that of the sun, and if it happens to get exactly between the sun and us it cuts off completely the light of the sun and so causes a total eclipse. If the intrusion takes place when the moon is farther away, its disk appears smaller than that of the sun, and causes the "annular" eclipse; that is, one in which a ring of sunlight surrounds the disk of the moon.

Mathematical astronomers have so long and so closely studied the motion of the moon and the sun—or rather the motion of the earth round the sun—that they can predict eclipses with extraordinary accuracy. They can tell us the width of the zone of totality, which on the average is about 150 miles; the precise second of time at which an eclipse will begin and end at any given place and how many seconds the totality will last. No total eclipse can last more than eight minutes. Some eclipses last hardly more than three minutes. The shadow of the moon sweeps along its path with the frightful velocity of something like a thousand miles an hour.

Astronomers have learned many other curious things about eclipses, as for example, that if there had been an eclipse on a particular day, there will be another 18 years and 11 days later. It may not be total and it will not be in the same place, but it will be an eclipse. Another remarkable fact is that an eclipse of a particular kind repeats itself 621 years later on the same day of the same month.

Everyone who has seen a total eclipse of the sun recognizes it as one of the most impressive and awe-inspiring spectacles that can be conceived. No wonder, then, that to the superstitious and unlearned peoples of ancient times an eclipse portended frightful things! If it had been a frequent occurrence, the fear might have worn off, but on the average more than three centuries and a half elapses between two opportunities to see an eclipse at the same place. The interval is often much longer. There was an eclipse visible in London in 1715, but there had been no other eclipse visible there for more than 600 years, and there has been none since—Youth's Companion.

QUITE TRUE

The editor gazed maliciously at the shabby poet and then at the equally shabby poem.

"Man alive!" he demanded. "Do you call this poetry?"

"Her eyes were blue as skies."
"Her teeth were just like the stars."
"How on earth can a woman's teeth be like stars?"

"The poet was very humble" and bowed before the storm.

"It is quite true, sir," he said. "She has false teeth and, like the stars, they come out every night."

The trans-Atlantic flight, undertaken by two Portuguese aviators, ended in failure when they landed on St. Paul Rocks in the last lap, but a few hundred miles short of their goal.

FORMATION OF BASEBALL CLUB FOR YEAR 1922

A meeting was held recently in the Crows' Nest Pass Garage for the purpose of organizing a baseball club for this year. The affairs of last year's club were found to be in a chaotic condition owing to lack of officers; at the latter part of the season, this being accounted for by the fact that apparently some difference of opinion existed as to the selection of players for certain games, the net result being that after about the 15th of June, 1921, the club was carried on by individuals for the purpose of playing exhibition games.

As far as can be found out from the records available, the club finished last year with a deficit of some \$200. A fair investigation of the records show that this was principally expenses incurred in relation to games played on or about July 1st and 2nd, 1921, and also statements were made that these expenses were guaranteed by several prominent business men of the town, but as far as can be ascertained at this time these guarantees were never met, hence the large deficit of the season.

The baseball club of last season was well supplied with equipment but unfortunately this equipment was stored for the winter in the Alhambra Club and was burned up in the fire which destroyed this place, hence the situation is now that there is no equipment, no funds, but a fair amount of debt.

This short statement shows the prospects for this season's ball in a fair light, and the matter is now placed before the public of Blairmore with a view to finding out whether or not the town contains enough supporters of this great summer game to warrant a new start being made, with a new set of officers. The town seems to be very well supplied with players at the present time, and there is no apparent reason outside of finance, why we should not be able to organize a winning team.

It was proposed at the meeting that a subscription list should be opened up immediately, as a fair estimate shows that the sum of about \$150 would be required to obtain a new outfit for the players. It was also suggested at the meeting that any business men who were carrying accounts on their books against last season's club should be allowed the amount of this year's subscription as a partial payment of account, and that while the present club had a credit against the old outstanding, no direct connection with the affairs of last season, more particularly the disastrous affairs of July 1st and later. Still there was more or less a moral responsibility which they were desirous of taking care of. It was therefore decided that an earnest effort be made to organize this year and run on some economic lines and use any surplus funds obtained to liquidate old debts on a pro rata basis.

We sincerely trust that the sport-loving public of the town will understand the difficult position in which the officers of this year find themselves, and will rally to their support and thereby enable Blairmore to retain its famous standing as a REAL LIVE SPORT TOWN.

WHAT ABOUT AN ARBOR DAY?

A splendid suggestion has been made that a day should be set aside, at as early a date as possible, to be regarded as Arbor Day, on which occasion every citizen or every family should plant a tree along the C.P.R. boundary both north and south of the track. Such a scheme would do more towards beautifying the town appearance than anything else and would be well worth while. Trees could be planted along near the C.P.R. fences at a distance of say fifteen feet apart.

The Misses Lamey, of Toronto, and Mr. J. Lamey, of Regina, Manitoba, are at the bedside of their brother, Mr. S. J. Lamey, at Bellevue.

MAR POY WILL ERECT FINE RESTAURANT BUILDING

A gang of men and teams are already working on the excavation for the basement of the two-story restaurant to be erected by Mar Poy just east of the Union Bank building on Victoria Street central.

C. P. R. AND TOWN LAYING OUT DEPOT GARDEN

The work of laying out a garden or park near the depot and between Fifth and Sixth Avenues is progressing. During the past week men and teams were employed jointly by the C. P. R. and the town and the large open space has been graded and sloped, ready for the covering of soil which will be brought in by special train. Following the spreading of the soil, a shipment of trees and plants will be on hand for planting and the grounds will be fenced for temporary protection.

People of the town should manifest keen interest in this depot garden, which in itself will add much to the appearance of the town to the passer by, as well as giving an inviting appearance and generally increasing property value, and not take the stand of an individual who, the other day remarked in this connection that "he did not believe in beautifying the C. P. R. property for their benefit."

UNDERPAID. MINE LABOR

"Liquidate Wages," is the cry of the mine owners. Those who direct the most inefficiently organized industry in the country claim they cannot make a profit paying the established wage scale.

"They must have a profit, or they won't run the mine. So they have shut down the mines and locked the men out. The men can return if they will let the wages be cut and let the wage-cut be handed to the operators as increased profit."

Simple for operators to increase profits by improvements in mining methods. For example, the operators know there is a heavy seasonal variation in the production of coal. The desirable thing is a stable annual production, so that a constant number of miners can be employed all the year around. The principle of storage could easily provide for equalizing regular production with seasonal consumption.

Do the coal operators and their distributors take this first step in operating efficiency? Oh, no! Each year production varies monthly with consumption. There were 1,000,000 tons of bituminous coal being produced daily in April, 1921, and 1,800,000 tons daily in October, 1921. Enough miners are kept domiciled at each mine to take care of the production of the "peak" month. During slack months these men take turns at being idle.

The average employment of a bituminous coal miner is 200 days per year, instead of 300. Last year in many mines not over 100 days were worked by the average man. Though his day's wages were \$7.50, he earned \$750 in the year. How would you like to raise a family on that annual salary?

Miners' wages are too high, the operators assert.

Can they be reduced? Certainly. When the operators have provided the miner with three hundred days' work they can cut his wages to \$6 and still have him more prosperous than he is now, getting \$7.50 for one hundred days.

Unit, then, less talk of "liquidating labor."—San Francisco Examiner.

One of the most ghastly murders in the history of Ontario was committed at Brantford Tuesday night. The remains of the victim having been picked up in sections along the canal bank. They had been cut up and all bones severed at the joints. Pieces were wrapped in cloth and paper and placed in a suitcase, a club bag and a sugar sack. The head and arms were lying a few feet away. An Armenian had been arrested.

Giant Waves Of The Ocean

Liner Paris Encountered One 60 Feet High, Captain Murray Says

During a recent storm in the Atlantic, Captain Murray, who commands the French liner Paris, says that his vessel encountered waves sixty feet high. If this is the case, says a correspondent in the London Daily Mail, these waves were very much higher than any hitherto measured—higher, that is, than any storm waves, as apart from the gigantic solitary waves called "tidal" waves, but more probably produced by hurricanes.

Kunatologie, it must be remembered, is a regular science, and extensive and accurate observations have been made as to the height of sea waves, their shape, size and width from coast to coast. Thirty different waves averaged twenty-nine feet in height, the largest being thirty-seven feet high.

These measurements closely correspond with observations made by Captain Sarsby in other oceans, and it would appear certain that, in the open sea, no storm-wave measures more than forty feet in vertical height from trough to crest. Even the famous St. Helena rollers are only about twenty-five feet in height.

The case is, of course, entirely different where sea meets land. Rushing up into shallow water, waves rise to an incredible height. The great bell of the Bishop Rock lighthouse was once wrenched from its fastenings by a sea, although fixed at a level of fully 100 feet above highwater mark.

In a heavy gale from the west, the cliffs of Kerry are drenched with spray to a height of 150 feet. Yet even seas like these fade into insignificance when compared with the terrific surges which smash upon "Lot's Wife," one of the lonely Marana Islands. There leave it streaming to its topmost pinnacle 350 feet above sea level. At Skerryvore Lighthouse storm waves have broken with a pressure estimated at 6,000 pounds to the square foot.

The so-called "tidal" wave is sometimes of fantastic proportions. In July, 1888, the then famous liner Ambra was struck in mid-Atlantic by a solitary wave fully fifty feet high, which did great damage. In the same month, but not on the same day, the Wilson liner Martello met a similar wave which very nearly wrecked her. True earthquake waves may rise to a height of 100 feet. The wave that swept from Lisbon in the great earthquake of 1755 was estimated to be from sixty to seventy feet in height. It drowned 60,000 persons.

In 1846 a monster wave raged off Nararanga, in the Pacific, and in the midst of this a giant wave swept upon the island worked fearful damage. The height of this wave was never measured, but a vessel from Tahiti, caught by it, was lifted clear over the palm trees on the beach and deposited far inland. The captain has left on record that he felt the treacherous grating against the vessel's bottom as the sea was swept around.

The Keeping of Poultry

How Laying Hens Should be Treated to Secure the Best Results

The Dominion Poultry Husbandman gives the following timely advice to poultry keepers: Keep the houses clean and well ventilated. Do not shut the houses up tight to keep the hens warm, but open up the south side to keep them healthy. Have plenty of nests, but so arranged that the hens cannot roost on them; see that there is plenty of clean litter in the nests; use only porcelain nest eggs, and gather twice a day at least during the summer months. Keep the eggs in as dry and cool a place as possible. Retain all dirty small or cracked eggs for home use and ship others as regularly as possible. The males should not be allowed to run with the flock outside of the breeding season; it is better to mate only the best of the hens. This should permit the shipment of infertile eggs at all times, which, as a rule, will ensure a better price for the producer and better satisfaction to the consumer.

An Unanswerable Argument

There are said to be 12,000,000 orphans in Europe and Asia as a result of the war. There is no better argument than this for an effective League of Nations.

Approximately 4,000 Parisian taxicabs are now upholstered in American army olive drab as a result of the proprietors' discovery that the cloth could be purchased more cheaply than French material.

W. N. U. 1416

Crusade Against Cancer

Work Being Held Up By Serious Shortage of Funds

The great medical and surgical crusade against cancer—one of the greatest and most terrible scourges in the world—is being held up in every direction by a serious shortage of funds.

"Give us money for research—continuous and indefatigable research—and we will find a 'cure'! It is the cry of the cancer experts attached to every hospital and institution concerned.

There are signs that the importance of research is being more and more appreciated all over the country. Recently the honorary radiologist at the Manchester Royal Infirmary received an offer of sufficient money to enable research on a new method of intensive X-ray to be carried out. The cost was calculated at £4,000, and the sum has been placed at the disposal of a committee by the anonymous donor.

"The offers for research are the best," said a well known Harley Street specialist. "Great progress has been made lately. One naturally wants to warn the public against the ridiculous dramatic announcements of cures for cancer, but at the same time there is every reason to believe that surgery and X-ray treatment, working side by side and backed up by research, are gradually conquering the disease. We are on the right road. If only research is supported worthily, I am sure we shall go from success to success."

Lord Abtholston, of Montreal, and Sir William Veno, of Manchester, have both made generous offers recently. Lord Abtholston offered £20,000 for an "approved medicinal cure," and another £20,000 for research.

The West London Hospital are conducting a "cancer ward" and an operating theatre, but the work is being held up for the same reason—lack of funds.

"There can be no cure until a cause is discovered," said a medical officer of the West London Hospital. "We are experimenting all the time, and are continuing the X-ray treatment started here some time ago. But it is all experimental."

A doctor at the Middlesex Hospital has been his opinion on the subject, declared that he believed in the treatment by radium and X-rays. "It is hardly fair to point out that this method can achieve no more than surgery. Remember, our surgical knowledge goes back hundreds of years. X-rays are in their infancy. The public does not realize the standing expenses of research—the apparatus, the gas, the light, and a thousand other details."

There is one thing that darkens the optimism and confidence of those who devote themselves to this work of research. That one thing is the need of money."

Albania Is Impoverished

War Has Ruined Country and People Are Suffering

Tuberculosis, malaria and influenza are increasing alarmingly in Albania. The death rate is mounting daily. Whole towns and villages are affected. There is little medicine to be had. There are only a dozen doctors to minister to several hundred thousand persons. The Italians and the members of the Red Cross are assisting the local authorities in fighting the epidemic.

There are neither hospitals nor nurses in Albania. Those who practice medicine are principally pharmacists and druggists with little or no medical training. When the Mohammedan members of the community fall ill, little effort is made at treatment. "It is the will of Allah," says the fatalistic Moslem, and he calmly awaits the end.

Normally the Albanians are a healthy, hardy race, but the country, especially the coast towns and the valleys, is rife with malaria and infectious diseases. The damp, cold winter, poorly constructed houses and bad food have given tuberculosis a firm foothold throughout the country. Diseases incident to malnutrition, filth, neglect and bad water are everywhere prevalent.

Much of all this is the result of ten years of continuous war. The Albanians were poor in 1912. They have grown poorer with each passing year. Long privation, lack of nourishment, medicine and care have brought them to a point of great misery and impoverishment.

Celestial Hosi

A countryman called at the offices of a fire insurance company and intimated that he desired to insure his shop and household effects.

"What facilities for extinguishing a fire have you in your village?" inquired the official.

"The man scratched his head, pondered for a moment, and then answered:—

"Well, only the rain!"—Tit Bits.

Soldier Settlement and Irrigation



Irrigation is coming into its own in Western Canada. Pioneers of the older provinces began with an axe and an ox team and were skeptical of the farmers becoming their own rain makers. Now the irrigated districts such as the Okanagan Valley, British Columbia, not long since a desert, bloom like a rose through the vitalizing wealth of the waters of irrigation.

A large acreage that is now being won from nature is the soldiers settlement land in the Southern Okanagan—a 2,500-acre tract that is of national interest because of its strategic location and the engineering skill required to make it of service to the soldier settlers. A motor trip through the settlement revealed a country rich in scenic beauty, interest in old land marks and marvelous in present activity of transforming a wilderness into a garden. It lies in a lovely valley, extending from Vaseaux Lake to the International Boundary. The northern part of the settlement is 22 miles from Pentiction.

Water for the irrigation is supplied from the Okanagan River which, at point of diversion, is about three-quarters of a mile below Vaseaux Lake, and has a width of 200 feet. A concrete dam raises the surface of the water 8 feet. The system has been built in a very permanent way with concrete lined ditches which prevent seepage losses, concentration of mineral salts and water logging. The canal is 18 feet wide on top, five and a half feet deep and capacious enough to run a boat with a flow of 170 cubic feet per second. Eleven miles of the project is finished, 5 miles partly done, and when finished, 22 miles of canal will be built to the boundary. From the varying disposition of the topography, many engineering problems and difficulties arose—problems that were unique in engineering in America. Various experiments had to be resorted to which included the use of great wood stave pipes and riveted steel pipes, some 30 inches in diameter.

An example of the immensity of the task as well as of the engineering skill required is the construction of thirteen flumes in the nine miles from the intake to the cement pipe works. There will be about 17,200 acres of

irrigable land in the plot and the land is being developed under the most favorable conditions with an ample supply of water.

A plant for the manufacture of concrete pipes is one of the extensive industries of the settlement. Twelve miles of pipe will be built this season by 58 men, with an output of 650 feet of piping a day.

A portion of the land was put on sale last spring and about 600 acres sold. The first orchard was planted by Percy Shipperson, a returned soldier, belonging to the construction camp.

The town of Oliver will be the administrative centre of the district. It is one of the few planned towns in Canada and is not being developed in a haphazard way with speculation in subdivisions. The Government have placed on the market just what is needed, and this will be sold off before further land is open for sale. There are areas for a park, for a city hall, for a school, for various public buildings, and space for all that is required for an up-to-date town.

The Oliver recreation grounds are across the river from the town, the present site of the big irrigation construction camp. The young men built a permanent recreation hall after being supplied with lumber and various requirements by the Government. An athletic association was formed and now the hall, a fine structure, 50 by 70 feet, serve the fast growing community as a centre for concerts, dances, basketball and general sport.

A point of interest was the big construction camp where we had dinner at the headquarters staff dining room. It is a regular settlement with even the hen and her little chickens at the place of the camp for the next two years. For the workmen there is an immense dining tent and 150 men were served at once.—C. G.

Hungarian Singer Is Worth Millions

Receive Huge Fortune and Royalties on Phonograph Records

The Hungarian singer, Emmerich Plinter, who lost his voice and was reduced to comparative poverty as director of a little suburban theatre, has suddenly become the Croesus of Hungary.

Detectives called on him one day and asked him whether he was the singer Plinter, who many years ago sang Hungarian folk-songs into the gramophone. Plinter proved his identity, and learned that his records were most popular in America among Hungarian living there, and that he was entitled to large sums as royalties. In addition, one of his American admirers, who died recently, left him his fortune of nearly \$7,500,000. The lucky heir intends to build a beautiful theatre, where the public will have free entrance to listen to his really "golden voice."

Unfortunate Explanation

A clergyman of a country village attempted to give notice that there would be no service in the afternoon, as he was going to officiate with another clergyman. The clerk announced at the close of the service: "I am desired to give notice that there will be no service this afternoon as our minister is going off fishing with another clergyman."

A Sky-View to be Taken

Apparently it is going to take the services of the airplane to show this country how much timber it really does possess.

King John's Charter

Interferes With Trade

Authorities Intend to Stand by 800-Year-Old Document

The dead hand of a king who reigned 800 years ago is preventing many exercise men at Teddington, a Thames side town a dozen miles off London, from earning a living as salaried men.

They proposed to open a popular market there but found they were barred by a charter granted by King John to the neighboring town of Kingston giving that town exclusive market rights within a radius of seven miles, which embraces Teddington.

Protests that living conditions have changed in the past 800 years have been met by the Kingston authorities with an announcement that they intend to stand by their charter.

Deeply Involved

Suddenly young Giles turned to his fair companion and stammered: "Marry, will ye m-m-marry me?"

"Yes, Giles," replied Mary in soft confusion.

Then followed a silence deep, and the girl got impatient.

"Why don't you say something, lad?" she asked.

"Marry, lass," replied Giles in despondent tones. "I think there's been too much said already."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

A tide is a wave of the whole ocean, which is elevated to a certain height by the attraction of the moon, and then sinks.

Early Animal Life In Alberta

Professor Tells of Huge Animals of the Past Ages

Five million years ago the Rocky Mountains were pushed up; the huge dinosaur, who had ruled Alberta for many years without challenge, perished, and so, the little warm-blooded mammals who, through fear, had existed in concealment since their origin, were able for the first time in their lives to come out into the open and start the long line of evolution which has culminated in the human animal production, man. Every page in this wonderful and fascinating story of animal origin in Alberta was unfolded and interpreted to the Canadian Club by Prof. P. S. Warren, of the University of Alberta, who delivered an interesting address on "The Animals of Alberta—Past and Present," in Calgary recently.

Describing the prehistoric dinosaurs, Prof. Warren said the dipodomys, which was about 80 ft. long and weighing several tons, was the largest of these reptiles. The fact that the reptiles "specialized" in size, and the fact that nature hates anything specialized, caused their extinction, explained the professor.

When the cataclysmic disturbances which attended the upheaving of the Rocky Mountains occurred, the massive animals, with poor and slow equipment for locomotion, had either to get out of the district or perish—and not being able to get out, they perished completely, without leaving a descendant to carry on in the scale of evolution. At that same time there were also alligators and tortoises, but these reptiles did not "specialize" in size, and they therefore got out, with the result that there are many members of their species remaining today.

It was at the time of the extinction of the dinosaur that the mammals which are the ancestors of all the animal creation today, first came into their own. These mammals, warm blooded and swift of foot, embodied more speed than any other animal of that day, and they were seldom seen by the larger animals.

Some interesting facts are brought out in studying the trend of evolution which the descendants of these mammals have taken, said the speaker. For instance, it is hard to believe, but true, that an animal existed in the ancient days which had the composite characteristics of the camel, deer and pig. The horse at that time was the size of the present dog, and it came from the same source as the rhinoceros.

Mr. declared Prof. Warren, represents the very last of the series of evolution that have taken place in the animal world, although he came into being only a few thousand years ago.

Alberta has a right to be proud of her field of fossilized remains of these prehistoric animals, he said. In previous years these remains were removed from the bad lands and taken to all parts of the earth, except to points in Alberta. Fortunately, however, the province has now started a museum of its own. Alberta stands pre-eminent in the production of animal fossils, and there is no greater range of material for evolutionary research in the world than that which exists in this province he averred.

Economy in Alberta

Government Has Decided to Close Two Agricultural Schools

The Alberta Government's economy policy now is being applied to the agricultural schools, two of which will be closed down for the time being. The department of agriculture, it is announced by Hon. George Hood, has decided to close temporarily the schools at Gleichen and Youngstown, which are the newest and in point of attendance the smallest of the chain of six farm colleges in the province.

Neither of these schools will be operated next term. Students from the Gleichen and Youngstown districts who wish to take a course in agriculture will have to make transportation at the Government's expense to one of the other schools, and arrangements will be made for changes in the teaching staffs in order to absorb as many as possible of the experienced teachers from the two schools to be closed.

Lucky for the Colonel

It was the recruit's first day in camp, and not knowing the rules of saluting, he swaggered past an officer with hands deep in his pockets. The officer happened to be the C.O., but little did the recruit know until he was called back with a sharp command.

"Don't you know who I am?" demanded the C.O.

"Can't say I do," drawled the private.

The C.O. went red.

"By gum," said the recruit, "you're lucky. I'm only a private!"

The official census of Japan has been completed and places the total population at 55,923,023.

Truth may be stranger than fiction, but some lars make it humper itself to keep ahead.

F. W. GODSAL URGES

WATERTON RESERVOIR

F. W. Godsall, formerly a well known rancher at Cowley, now living at Victoria, B. C., in a letter on Waterton Lakes and the proposed irrigation reservoir, says:

I understand that objections have been made in some quarters to raising the surface of Waterton lakes by a few feet, to increase its natural capacity as a reservoir for irrigation purposes, thus saving much of the water from our mountains which runs to waste, and use it to irrigate the dry plains below.

I think I may claim a right to express an opinion upon the subject. I write as one who knows the needs of the prairies, from an experience of forty years. Professor Macoun, the highest authority on one of his visits to me at my ranch in the eighties showed me that it was in the arctic belt.

I have known the Waterton lakes since 1882, and used to enjoy camping and fishing there for many years. Then it was I who, years ago in the first instance, looking to the future, induced the government to make the Waterton lakes into a national park; it first only included the lake and sufficient land to preserve the scenery, it has since been greatly enlarged. Besides this I have for many years past tried to induce both Dominion and Provincial governments to adopt the excellent "Scenery Preservation Act" of New Zealand, whereby unique bits of scenery, such as Waterton lakes and our numerous other beauty spots, historic sites, buffalo pounds, old Indian camps, burning grounds, etc. might be handed down to posterity and preserved forever; but, alas! my efforts have been all in vain; little New Zealand excels this vast Dominion in these matters. But I mention all this to show that no one has a greater desire than I to preserve the scenery of Waterton lakes, as far as possible.

It is quite true, and most happily true, that the mountains, lakes, and streams are for our benefit, and recreation, and to promote the health and happiness, and revitalization of city people when they can escape from their offices and stores. But vast are our mountains, how numerous our lakes and streams! Surely city people who, when we get down to basic facts, derive their wealth their food their all, from the land and its tillers can spare one or two of the natural reservoirs of the water running to waste from our mountains to water the arid prairies which are valueless without water, but so prolific with sufficient water. Alongside and above these arid plains a wise and beneficent providence has placed a mountain range abounding in water; "what therefore God has joined together, let no man keep asunder." A country full of producing and prosperous farmers makes prosperous cities, and everybody in the land happy and prosperous.

I understand that the water from Waterton Lakes is needed by innumerable individual farmers, and not merely for the purpose of "providing dividends for commercial corporations;" (if this last were the only requirements of the water, I would not for a moment advocate it, let corporations "water their stock" in their own way.) Canada has too many of them. And, surely in view of present world conditions, and of the serious shortage of food which there is good reason to expect in the near future, it is most important, at whatever sacrifice to ourselves, to increase the productivity of every acre, which irrigation alone can make sure in a dry climate. Rocky Mountain scenery will not fill empty stomachs, however satisfying to our own enjoyment. Our sport and enjoyment must not be at the cost of others' suffering, especially of those who toil long hours, and in all weathers, that we may have food to eat, and their remuneration is too often but small, or none at all. Those who gave their lives, or limbs, or health, for us in the war taught us the great law of sacrifice for others, for Canada, for our empire, but for

them Germany would now be exceeding her will regarding the Waterton lakes without consulting us.

After all that has been said, it is not great, real harm going to be done by deepening Waterton lakes? It will not extend it very much, and, of course, any damage done to existing houses or property will be recompensed, and probably this can be done in some cases by exchange. I venture to say that in ten years' time, probably less, people will wonder why any "kick" was made, and the spot will be considered more beautiful, and a finer health resort than it is now.

Lastly, for precedence, look in the Encyclopaedia Britannica what a remarkably interesting spot was the island of Philoe in the River Nile. This is an ancient temple, etc. It seemed like sacrifice and barbarism to interfere with it, but was England's great work, the Assuan dam, to be given up because it would entirely submerge Philoe, in order that the life-giving waters of the Nile might water the lands of Egypt? And the water to benefit Egyptian peasants only (omitting for the present the ultimate benefit to the empire and to the world, in increasing the food supply), whereas the small Waterton lake dam, while destroying no Philoe and, ultimately, probably not affecting scenery, is for Canada an citizens, for the good of Canada, and with the same ultimate benefit to the empire, and the world, as in Egypt.

Once more, and I have done. In the mountains of North Wales, there was a lovely valley. I knew it well, with its pretty village and church; when I last saw it a huge dam was being made, the bed was to be removed from the churchyard, and now the valley is a large reservoir to supply the town of Liverpool, many miles away, with necessary, life-giving water. Horribly utilitarian and scenery destroying, but necessary for man, need I say more?

PASSING OF THE CHAPERON

I am not one who thinks that the passing of the chaperon marks a distinct moral decline. Our young people have less reserve than they once had; they conceal less that is physical and mental than they once did. They lay quite bare, in fact, without batting an eye lash, what they are and think and feel; but I cannot see that this has affected their morality in any way.

Nor do I fear the safety of the unchaperoned young woman in society. It is not a question of protecting her from evil or from assault. The modern young woman knows the ways of the world. She is self-reliant and resourceful, she still has ideals and principles of her own, in spite of her scanty clothing, her bobbed hair and her rouged cheeks. And she is quite able to look after her social affairs. If she were not, I still have faith enough in men to think that the ways of gallantry are not quite passed, and that, of the girl were not wise enough to take care of herself, the average young man would still do it for her.

It is not because the girl is unsafe or less because she is less modest that I am sorry to see the passing of the chaperon; it is because she is a little less refined. Going to a dance now is like eating at a lunch counter, where the food may be as varied and as savory as at a well ordered and carefully served dinner; but where there are lacking the little refinements of napery and cutlery, and the little touches and attentions which mean quite as much as the food itself.

The unchaperoned girl gives an impression of strength and independence, it is true, but she seems cruder, less polished. Her laugh is louder, than it used to be. She lacks a certain graciousness, an appealing fineness and poise which is characteristic of her older sister. She is not quite a lady, as we were once wont to define the term. She has gained something, perhaps, but at the same time she has lost something. And I am sorry.—Atlantic Monthly.

LAST WORDS OF NOTED MEN

I still live.—Daniel Webster.

Don't give up the ship.—Captain Lawrence.

Thomas Jefferson still survives.—John Adams.

I know my Redeemer liveth.—Horace Greeley.

This is the Fourth Day of July.—Thomas Jefferson.

This is the last of earth; I am content.—John Q. Adams.

I die hard, but I am not afraid to go.—George Washington.

Into thy hands, O Lord, I commend my spirit.—Christopher Columbus.

I regret only that I have but one life to give for my country.—Nathan Hale.

This is a sharp medicine, but I sound cure for all diseases.—St. Walter Raleigh.

Let us cross over the river and rest under the shade of the trees.—Stonewall Jackson.

Let me die in my old American uniform in which I fought my battles. God forgive me for having put on any other.—Benedict Arnold.

I'm dead.—The Chronic Knocker.

TRAVELLERS WANT DAYLIGHT

TRAIN ON CROW RANCH

Board of Trade Hears Protests and Will Press For Continuance.

The Lethbridge Council of the United Commercial Travellers registered their entire endorsement of the efforts of the Board of Trade of the city and towns along the Crow's Nest branch of the C.P.R. west of the city to have the daylight train of the Crow retained in view of the application of the railway company to the board of railway commissioners for permission to discontinue this service. Representations were made by the travellers through two of their members, Robert Gray and D. Clemis.

Mr. Gray speaking on the question pointed out that the trains were of great service to the general public, but especially to the merchants. Orders can now be phoned into the city in the morning and despatched the same afternoon. Everyone through the Pass was in favor of the trains, he said. Mr. Gray paid his respects to the Mr. Smith, of Crescent Heights, Calgary, and his letter which has now become a storm petrel. "I have travelled the Crow for five years now and I have never met this man Smith. I have made a searching inquiry but nowhere can I find a trace of the gentleman. The travellers, who are asking that these trains be kept on, have come to the conclusion that he is a fictitious character and that the real author of the letter has anything but good motives," Mr. Gray said.

Mr. Clemis said the travellers to a man favored the retention of the daylight trains. This organization represented 100 men who see in this improved service, first, the opportunity to cover their territory in half the time; and second, the ability to give their customers first class service. The present service given by the C.P.R. was excellent.

President Diming said the Board of Trade would continue to act in conjunction with the other boards along the line in passing for the maintaining of the trains. The railway commissioners had wired that the claims of the towns affected would be given every consideration when the application came up.—Lethbridge Herald.

THIS STUNT SOLD 'EM

Why people will pay more attention to a woman's leg if a window than the street is hard to say—but they do—all but the corner loafers, of course. A store secured the services of several models to display its hostery. The curtain of the window was dropped to within two feet of the floor. The legs paraded up and down behind the curtain and a crowd stood there admiring all day long. Hostery sold like hot-cakes.—Adv. World.

FERNIE TALENT WILL

STAGE CONCERT HERE

The following wrap-up, copied from a recent issue of The Fernie Free Press, will give some idea of a treat that is in store for the people of this district in the near future. We understand that arrangements are being made to have the programme repeated here, probably at the Orpheum theatre sometime late in May. Judging from the comment on the concert from those who had the good luck to hear it at Fernie, we have something to look forward to that is really worth while:

"For the past three years Mrs. A. Watson has placed lovers of music under a debt of gratitude and this year has been no exception. The concert held in Knox church in aid of the Public School Library Fund was a splendid success, artistically, as well as financially. The platform was effectively decorated with palms, cut flowers and shield lights, which made a very pleasing background.

The opening number of an exceptionally good program was a song "Daffodils Abloom," given by Mrs. Kirkpatrick in a sweet, pleasing voice. Her encore was entitled "I Closed by Your Window." Mr. McDonald sang the old favorite, "Anchored," followed by "Shipmates of Aime," which were both well received. Miss Anderson's voice was heard to good advantage in two numbers, "Irish Lullaby" and "Until." Mrs. Jobine delighted the audience with a captivating novelty, "The Blackbird Song," with a whistling accompaniment. Her first number was the "Carolina Waltz Song." Harold Anderson rendered two piano solos, "If I Were a Bird" and "Kachmaroff's Prelude in C Sharp Minor, to both of which he responded with encores. Judging by the enthusiastic reception given Mr. Anderson, he has lost none of his ability to charm an audience. Mrs. Laws sang brilliantly and vivaciously with wonderful purity of tone, two numbers, the waltz song from "Romeo and Juliet," and by special request "Il Bacio." Mrs. Sudaby's beautiful voice was never in better form than in her two songs, "Calm as the Night" and "Life and Death." In the former number her notes rang forth with an organlike quality that moved her hearers deeply. Wesley Owen gave two songs, "Glorious Devon" and "Come to the Fair." He has a delightfully easy style and sang with no apparent effort. Of Mrs. Watson's singing little can be said that is not already known to her admirers. Her two numbers, "The Enchanted Forest" and "Spirit Flower," were sung with the poise of an experienced artist. Mr. Watson's playing of the violin solo "Berceuse" was remarkable for its fine quality of tone. Mrs. Haynes made an excellent accompanist, assisted by Mr. Watson, who brought a fine musical intelligence to bear on the interpretation of the different numbers.

The artists' achievements of these singers proves what can be done in a small community when the training is under the direction of a musician of the personal qualities of Mrs. Watson.

At the close of the concert Mrs. Watson was presented with a bouquet of carnations.

Watch for fuller announcements.

Henry Zak has sold the old ship "Victoria" and purchased a delivery bus from A. W. Robbins.

The Ogden shops at Calgary have been closed down for a few weeks, throwing seven hundred men out of employment.

Flipper-Flapper

The Flapper is a fledgling
That flirts and flits and flocks,
A flapper, flit, flit, flit,
With the fleshlike, flax-like socks.
The Flapper is flit flossian
That flits flit in her wake.
I'd like to flit and flit her
The flimsy, flaky fakes!

Second Trainload
in Seven Weeks

That the automobile continues on the upward trend may be evidenced by the recent breaking business of the Studebaker Corporation of Canada, Ltd., so far this year.

That concern reports the second trainload of cars since March 4, when an entire trainload of new cars was shipped to Montreal. The last shipment was made to Toronto on April 17th. The two trainloads combined, comprised 155 automobiles valued at more than one-quarter of a million dollars.

"Our sales for the first quarter of this year in Canada were 31% greater than they were for the first quarter last year," said W. G. Palmer, Studebaker Sales Manager. "This increase is particularly gratifying to us, inasmuch as our business for the whole of 1921 was 64% greater than for 1920. Prosperity is assured for Canada and we have every confidence that the complete revival of business in general will be seen during this year."

Don't forget the dance to be given at Frank on Monday night next for the benefit of the Blainfords. It might be well for us at this time to mention an interesting fact for the benefit of those who were inclined to feel that they were not receiving the services from the band last season that they were paying for. The band, apart from the principal contributions of Mr. Charbonnier, and a few others in town, received practically no support from the people of the town last year. We could hear numbers of men claiming that they were supporting the band, but upon investigation found that some seventy dollars was received from about four hundred men, who, apart from the receipt of a bandstand, no cent was received from the town as a corporation. Several of the business men of the town were substantial supporters. In the early spring uniforms were ordered. These have been about half paid for by the bandmen out of their own pockets.

There is still a balance due on the uniforms and the boys are endeavoring by means of dances to raise sufficient to pay off this balance. Here is an opportunity to turn out and help, and if you don't dance or cannot attend, at least you can buy a ticket. The band forms a real asset to our community and should be supported, not only by the general public, but by a substantial grant from the municipality.

QUEER NEWSPAPERS

Fourteen years before any newspaper was published in Paris, namely, in 1609, there appeared in Strasbourg the first number of a journal, which claimed to be the "leading newspaper in Europe," and which bore the following extraordinary title:

"Full account of the principal and memorable events which have taken place or which will take place during this year, 1609, in upper and lower Germany and also in France, Italy, England, Scotland, Hungary, Moldavia, Turkey and other countries. All the news will be edited as carefully as possible and will be printed exactly as received."

Foolish Saving

A penny saved is not always a penny earned. Sometimes it is two pennies lost. The merchant who spends nothing on advertising loses much more than he saves.

The money spent for plate glass window is not looked on as lost; nor is the money spent on better interior lighting.

Anything that increases, favor, that adds to sales, that multiplies customers is very properly regarded as a good investment.

Advertising is a good investment—just as a plate glass window is. Advertising sells more goods to more persons than shop windows do.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC

Do you resent having a merchant address his message to you in the form of an advertisement in our columns? On the contrary, is not your impulse to respond to his friend by overture?

Shop Where You Are Invited to Shop



W. NIGOLL

Again open for business

SHOES AND
SHOE REPAIRING

S. Sargent's Building, at
rear of Old Cash Grocery
Store, Blairmore.

F. DUNKLEY

Phone Greenhill 126, Box 35

Electrical
Contractor

Fixtures and Appliances
Bell and Telephone Work
Estimates Given

Blairmore, Alberta

Blairmore Lodge, No. 68, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: J. Patterson, N.G.; W. T. Patterson, V.G.; M. B. Hoffman, E.S.; J. B. Harmer, F.S.; J. Montalbetti, Treas.

Crows' Nest Encampment No. 8, meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month in the L.O.O.F. hall at 8 p.m. Officers for ensuing term: J. Patterson, N.G.; W. T. Patterson, V.G.; M. B. Hoffman, E.S.; J. B. Harmer, F.S.; J. Montalbetti, Treas.

Crowfoot Rebekah Lodge, No. 66, meets the first and third Thursdays of the month at 8 p.m. Officers: Sister Patterson, N.G.; Sister Fraser, V.G.; Sister Evans, R.S.; Sister Walker, F.S.; Sister Pinkney, Treas.

Bellevue Lodge No. 118, meets every Monday night at 8 p.m. Officers: F. Padgett, N.G.; H. Jenson, V.G.; H. Barless, R.S.; J. Wynt, Treas. Amistice Encampment, No. 17, Blairmore, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: A. B. Carr, C.P.; Stephen Berry, H.P.; Harry Jenson, S.W.; Fred Padgett, J.W.; E. Fecollin, Treas. Charles W. Ray, Sec. Box 6.

Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge No. 67, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: Sister Christie, N.G.; Sister Barless, V.G.; Sister F. Hallworth, R.S.; Sister Litherland, F.S.; Sister Goodwin, Treas.

Visitors of the Order are cordially invited to attend the above lodges.

Subscribe to The Enterprise—

TAKE

Yellow Pennant Cars

FOR FRANK — BELLEVUE — HILLCREST — COLEMAN

From BLAIRMORE to FRANK, 25c.
From BLAIRMORE to BELLEVUE or HILLCREST, 75c.
From BLAIRMORE to COLEMAN, 50c.

Cars Running from 8 o'clock in the morning to 12 at night.

Parcels will be delivered to the business district of any of the above towns for a charge of 25 cents.

Cars stop at BLAIRMORE DRUG STORE, BELLEVUE INN, UNION HOTEL, HILLCREST and the COLEMAN CAFE.

BOTTLES

We Pay Highest Prices
For Pints and Quarts

Hold your bottles and we will call for them

E. PICK, "The Bottle King"

The Alberta Hotel — Blairmore, Alberta

BLAIRMORE EXCHANGE

If you want Satisfaction and Bargains,
before going elsewhere, look over
our stock of

New and Second Hand Furniture

Blairmore Exchange, I. Comfort, Mgr.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

Dodge Cars

—Get our price and ask for demonstration—

REPAIRS — PARTS — ACCESSORIES

J. H. GREEN

Phone 50 BELLEVUE

Items of Local and General Interest

Sometimes the nicest thing about having company is seeing them go.

You can't convince a girl that any man she admires isn't in the hero class.

When a man loses anything else, he advertises for it. When he loses his head, he stops advertising.

The proof of a pudding is in the eating, but many men nowadays demand considerable overproof in what they are drinking.

Every householder in town should make an effort to make their homes attractive by planting flowers, shrubs and trees.

Many had a little match and scratched his head to see if she could find the gasoline.

She did—but, where's Marie?

Mrs. McDonald and little daughter of Corbin, are visiting Mrs. McDonald's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Patterson.

Manitoba will spend \$500,000 on highway construction this year. This will mainly be for completion of work begun last season.

In the case of John Gekes, referred to in our column of last week, to appeal was permitted and John has gone to Lethbridge to be the guest of the Province for four months.

We admire the man who says what he thinks; but we also have respect for the gentleman who does not give expression to his thoughts as his hat goes skidding through a mud puddle.

Someone has been asking in what respect the dress of the modern woman resembles a barbed wire fence. Well, the answer is very simple: It protects the property without spoiling the view.

Judging from the customs and exorbitant rates at Toronto during March we're getting back to good times again. There was an increase of \$1,003,770 over February and of \$782,089 over the same month of last year.

We read in an exchange where a man dropped dead when he paid an account that had run for twenty-five years. It doesn't affect us that way, so you are safe in coming in to settle that subscription account of yours.

Canada's future as a great industrial world centre is assured, inasmuch as this country ranks second in the world in water-power development. We have 2,418,000 horse power, which is ten per cent. of the world's total development.

The onion is mentioned in the oldest writings of Egypt and India and has been for ages cultivated and consumed in almost every country in the world, surpassing all other vegetables in antiquity and extensiveness of cultivation.

No radio telephone receiving sets must be operated in Alberta until licenses have been received. The fact that license has been applied for does not allow them to be used. Applications for licenses should be made to the minister of naval service at Ottawa. The license fee for receiving sets is only one dollar.

E. F. Rehal was called to the family home in Fernie last Thursday by the death of his brother Thomas, who died in Tucson, Arizona, on Wednesday of last week, following an illness with influenza. Mr. Rehal spent a few days with his parents in Fernie, awaiting the arrival of the body, and returned to Nanton on Monday, but is leaving again as soon as he receives word from Fernie—Nanton News.

Some folks go to church more to save their faces than to save their souls.

The newspaper that places all its readers has never yet been published.

The town council of Drumheller has granted \$75 to the board of trade for publicity.

S. A. and Mrs. Fraser and daughter Marion, of Pincher Creek, were visitors here last week.

The Red Deer Golf & Country Club has been incorporated with a capitalization of ten thousand dollars.

Do your bit this spring by planting a tree or two. Even a tree will increase the value of your property.

A strong protest has been raised at Pincher Creek against the transfer of Constable Vanjerson to Cardston.

Mrs. P. Taylor and two children, of Calgary, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Elliott at the Greenhill apartments.

A gun play was staged at the Monarch mine in the Drumheller district last week, when the manager fired at some of the former employees.

PLANTS FOR SALE—Cabbages, Cauliflowers and other garden plants ready for setting. Apply Blairmore Market Garden, T. J. Goney, proprietor.

Don't throw away your old auto mud guards, for there's a market for them now. They make ideal protectors for the modern undressed knees.

Misses Keith, Fulton, Douglas, Davis, Marquis, Pinkney and McLaren returned Friday from Calgary, where they were in attendance at the teachers' convention.

Rev. J. N. Wilkinson, of the Pincher Creek United church, who has been pastor there for the past six years, has accepted an invitation to remain another year.

Starting a fire in a stove with coal oil caused the death of Mrs. Harrington and her three children at Turin. The only survivor is the husband and father, who lies in a critical condition in hospital. His wife and three children were buried in Turin cemetery on April 19th.

How the 11 year old president of a rural branch of the Red Cross Juniors made enough money to supply his unit's quota towards the new children's hospital, which is being opened in Calgary by the sale of four skins, in the story which Miss Jessie Church, superintendent of the Junior work, recently told the teachers' convention.

There were five members in the Junior branch and the president was determined that they should be among the first twenty units to reach their quota of \$1.00 per capita for the new hospital, thus qualifying for the bronze medal offered by the Lieutenant Governor. Unable to raise the money in any other way, he went out and killed four skunks, skinned them and offered them for sale to the furrier in his town. He was only offered \$3.50, which was not enough to make up the unit's quota. So he packed up the skins and sent them to Miss Church at the head quarters in Calgary. She disposed of them to a Calgary dealer for \$9.00 and placed this sum to the credit of the Branch. They won their medal.

The president wrote a business-like letter to Miss Church when he was informed of the sale. He concluded with the statement "Hooley for skunks, dead and skinned."

WASHING taken a — Apply to The Enterprise.

FOR SALE—A One-Ton Light Dray. Apply to S. J. Sargent, Box 33, Blairmore.

Inspector Pavan, of the A.P.P. was in town the early part of the week.

Fred Thell was up from Lethbridge on Monday and Tuesday of this week.

The public school reopened on Monday, after a ten-day Easter holiday period.

Charlie Howe returned on Saturday last after a week's holiday in Lethbridge.

E. Hinds has purchased a new 490 Chevrolet touring car from the C. N. Pass Motors.

Richard Randall and family left here last week end for their new home in Washington.

Mrs. John Patterson and child ren left last week for a lengthy visit to Hamilton, Ontario.

J. K. Terrill, of the Terrill Floral Co., Lethbridge, was in town on Tuesday. Mr. Terrill is just recovering from a siege of sickness.

A blind musician has been arrested at Vancouver, charged with abduction of a young woman. Rather unfortunate for him that he was blind.

LOST—Mon Star and Silver Service Medal, between Blairmore and Coleman. Finder will please leave same at The Enterprise office. Ten dollars reward.

Coleman Robinson, one time resident of Macleod, died in Minneapolis last week, after a short illness. He was professor in political science in the University of Minnesota.

The Munson line steamer Aegle, bound for Montevideo from Rio Janeiro, collided with the British freighter Zero off the coast of Uruguay. The Zero was sunk, but all the crew were saved.

An explanation of the alleged miracle of a bleeding crucifix at St. Cecile church, Three Rivers, Quebec, is declared to have been the work of a hysterical girl, who placed the blood on the image.

A fellow bought an article of fast color at a local store and when he kicked about it fading in a few days, the store keeper remarked: "Well, I don't think you ought to expect it to fade any faster than that!"

George C. Ives, father of Judge Ives, died at Macleod last week at the ripe old age of seventy-four years. He was one of the real oldtimers of Southern Alberta. Interment took place at Pincher Creek on Sunday and was largely attended.

Hearty approval of a scheme to promote friendly correspondence between school children of Leeds and those of various American cities has been given by Premier Lloyd George in a letter to James Watson, head master of Harrogate Council school there, who has instituted the idea as a means to stimulate interest in composition, geography, writing and spelling.

Two Seattle girls, Harriet Fuller and Ragna Carlton, recently invested in one hundred hives of bees and have located a honey tract in the country about seven miles from Nisqually, Washington. With the profits they expect to pay their way through college. They have located in the midst of a tract of land which was burned over by a forest fire a short time ago which is now covered with what is called "strawed." This blooms profusely and is very attractive to the bees.

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D.D.C., L.D.S.

Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto.

At Bellevue Monday and Tuesday.

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R. K. Lillie, D.D.S., L.D.S.,
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Hours:
Coleman, morning, 9 to 12
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Evenings by appointment.

Phone:
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E. HINDS

DRAYING

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Blairmore — Alberta

L. H. Putnam

Lawyer

(Over at Post Office)

Blairmore — Alberta

J. E. Gillis, B.A.

SOLICITOR, NOTARY ETC.

Blairmore, Alberta

Crows' Nest Undertaking Co.

A. E. FERGUSON Mar.

Graduate of Warham College of Anatomy and Embalming, Chicago, Ill.

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Main Street, Blairmore.

W. MOSER

Teacher of VIOLIN and 'CELLO

Lessons by Appointment

Phone—Bellevue Inn.

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Blairmore — Alberta

The fourth annual university week for farm young people will be held at the University of Alberta, Edmonton, on June 7th to 13th, under the direction of the Department of Extension and College of Agriculture of the University. A rather elaborate programme is being arranged covering the week's sessions.

Rev. Father Cosman was obliged to again return to Calgary for medical treatment this week.

Vast Pasture Lands In Extreme Northern Part Of Western Canada

Americans are sometimes wont to talk of Canada as a "virgin of civilization," but the fact is that the vast northern part of the Dominion is taken into consideration. A man who beheld the vast unpopulated lands of the Peace River country, saw a field of wheat tips at Port Smith, 800 miles farther north than Regina, and others who gazed on splendid vegetable gardens at Hudson's Bay posts beyond the Arctic Circle have had reasons to reconsider previous notions of Canada's cramped agricultural possibilities.

Stefansson, in his book, "The Friendly Arctic," now assures Canadians that the vast expanses of the so-called barren landway to the north of the farthest wheat land, starting at about York Factory, Hudson's Bay and running northeasterly towards Great Slave Lake and embracing the huge tract between that and the Arctic Ocean, are one vast pasture land of nutritious grasses. "Yes, and not only the mainland Harbors, but the Arctic Islands to the north, which the average Canadian is inclined to think of as vague indefinite masses of sheer ice and snow, are equally rich." But Stefansson, who has spent 11 years beyond the Arctic Circle, walking an average of 2,000 miles a year, exploring the vast north on behalf of the Canadian Government, assures Canadians that the vast northern heritage up north, where reindeer and muskoxen may be profitably raised to supply meat to the residents of every part of this country. Stefansson declares that the average school boy has been misinformed about the north through text books.

The world's largest area of grass lands is undoubtedly in Northern Russia, and to it only Canada is second. Northern Russia, Northern Sweden, Northern Finland, Northern Russia and Northern Siberia are mountainous in some parts and forested in others, but in general they form together a great prairie and variously estimated at from four million to six million square miles or anything from the full size of the United States to one and one-half times that area. But in Northern Canada we have the next largest grazing area in the world. One and one-half or two million square miles of prairie land, equal to half the area of the United States. There are no mountains, although there are rocky hills. In some places there are alkali flats with no vegetation, but in some places there are forests, but in the main it is a verdant clear prairie. Whether in square miles or in tonnage of flowering plants the grazing areas of the Argentine or of Texas are insignificant in comparison.

"These grass lands are not only in the northern portion of the continent, but also the islands that lie north of Canada, even to the north coast of the most northerly of them. The vegetation is only in part of a typically polar nature, strange to southerners. In part it consists of common plants, such as various sedges, blue grass, Timothy, clover, alfalfa, dandelion, blue bell, poppy, primrose, anemone and the like. More than 115 species of flowering plants are known to exist in Ellesmere Island, the most northerly of the Canadian islands. Sir Clements Markham says in "Life of Sir Leopold McClintock," that in the Polar regions in general there are more than 332 varieties of mosses, 250 varieties of lichens, 28 varieties of ferns and more than 765 varieties of flowering plants."

Sheep in Alberta
Approximately 220,000 head of sheep, valued conservatively at \$1,200,000, are owned by the members of the Southern Alberta Wool Growers' Association. During the past year the association shipped 1,750,000 pounds of wool, valued at over \$200,000. Over 25,000 lambs were sold, valued at \$250,000. 10,000 old ewes were sold for another \$200,000. The members own land valued at \$10 an acre, amounting to \$2,500,000, and lease 250,000 acres.

Plain Talk
Premier Greenfield of Alberta, in a deputation urging expenditure. "It all works down to this. It is a case either of increased taxation or living within our means, and I want to tell you now that the time has come when the province, the cities, towns and individuals must live within their incomes, must economize if we are to get out of the situation in which we find ourselves after years of over-expansion."

W. N. A. 1416

The Beam in Our Neighbor's Eye

Reform Legislation Often Fails Through the Difference of the People

The motorist who under fancied stress of circumstances violates the traffic laws without giving the matter a second thought is quite liable to be an enthusiastic advocate of rigid legislation for reckless drivers. The man who occasionally needs diversion in some unaccustomed channel can often be found in the front rank of those quick to condemn such excesses as physically and morally harmful. Likewise, the individual who quietly takes a little nip from a flask at home without a troubled conscience may publicly be one of the most ardent supporters of nation-wide abridgment.

All of which cannot, even by the most radical, be advanced as an argument in favor of doing away with existing laws, whether in regard to the driving of automobiles or the dispensing of "white mule," but it does serve to direct attention to one of the most serious problems with which the city, the state and the nation are confronted in an effort to preserve a reasonable measure of respect for the statutes that have been placed on the books by marginally sufficient large in each instance so there can be no doubt as to the intent of the majority.

The keystone of the republic is the fact that whatever laws we have are for all classes. It was wisely decreed by our forefathers that any amendment to the constitution must be ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states, and every attempt to evade this provision and establish special privileges has been unavailing. However, all the human safeguards that might be devised would not prove sufficient to preserve the law without the cooperation of the public, and more particularly that portion of the public which, while strong in its advocacy of such a measure as applied to others proves to be quite indifferent when it comes to living up to even the spirit of that measure.

One of the strongest factors in the undermining of law and order is the occasional offender, the one who thoughtlessly violates a statute, or who, secretly at least, glories in his ability to "put one over" without paying the penalty he deserves. The seasoned criminologist would tell you that contempt for the law is bred not by the submerged tenth, or whatever the prevailing criminal rate may be, but by those professedly exemplary citizens who hold themselves above the law and the administration of justice know this to be the bitter truth.

The reason that reforms given public sanction so often fall short of the mark lies not in defective or objectionable legislation, but in the fact that we are so busy acting as our brother's keeper that we have no time or inclination to take an inventory of our own conduct in its relation to the law. We are so concerned with casting out the beam in our neighbor's eye that we overlook the mote which afflicts our own vision and leads us to conduct ourselves in a manner that quite naturally brings the cause into dispute.

In every period reform has always had its hardest struggle not without but from within; through the indifference of those who should be its strongest supporters. And this sorry condition will continue so long as those who help to bring it into being fail to stand solidly behind it once it has been placed on the books. —The Detroit Free Press.

Twenty-five Years After

Meier Discovers Son Placed in Home at Age of Three
After a search of nearly 25 years, Mrs. Louise F. Lesueur, of Boston, has located her son, Everett, whom she placed in a home for children, from which he was taken for adoption by a family in Canada. Her quest ended this week, when she received a communication from the chief of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Laramie, Park, Ottawa, to the effect that "we now grow a man and a member of the force, is attached to his staff and is present on a trip into the northern wilderness."

Butter from Manitoba
Manitoba creameries shipped out of the province during the year 1921, 108 carloads of creamery butter representing 2,116,273 pounds, valued at \$857,020.26. The largest part of this butter was shipped to Montreal, Toronto, and the British markets, a few cars going to Chicago and New York. A Government grade certificate was issued on each car.

Sunday is so called because it was the day on which, in olden times, worship was offered to the sun.

Certified Farm Seeds

Seed Branch Issues Certificates of Grading Based on Sample

There are few things more disappointing to a farmer than to find that the seed he has sown has failed to come up or has introduced into his land noxious weed seeds. While one can by a very close examination under a magnifying glass determine in a general way the quality and purity of seed, most farmers are unprepared to perform work of this kind. It is equally possible to ascertain by a germination test the vitality of the seed. The Seed Branch at Ottawa with local offices in Toronto, Winnipeg and Calgary, make it a part of its business to perform these tests. As seedling approaches, however, there is little time to wait for reports from such examination. There is still another way of ascertaining the value of the seed, and that is to have it graded by the Seed Branch. The Seed Branch issues certificates of grading based on sample, more particularly for grass and seed, but to a limited extent also in seed grains. Any farmer or seed merchant who has seed for sale can draw his own sample, forward it to the district seed laboratory and obtain a certificate. The Seed Branch will retain the sample and issue a certificate with a serial number. Seed merchants in some cases take advantage of this offer and are thus able to produce official evidence of the value of the seed offered. It is well, therefore, when purchasing grass or clover seed, to ascertain whether or not it has been thus tested, and if so to note the grading on the certificate. The purchaser of the seed may, if he chooses, have the grade confirmed by submitting a sample to the seed dealer to the Seed Branch, which is in accord with the original control sample on which the certificate was issued. It is "seldom" necessary to have such a certificate proved, because there are comparatively few seed merchants who would misrepresent the quality of stock that had been officially tested. A few instances have occurred of unscrupulous dealers by submitting for examination a sample superior to the seed stock, and penalties are provided for misrepresentations of this sort.

French Powers of Absorption
Surprising Results Are Always Being Found in Quebec
The French are the inheritors of the Roman tradition of "absorbing" foreign races. Whilst Great Britain struggles with her Irish, her Indian rule, though far less liberal than ours in theory, has turned the German people of Alsace-Lorraine, the Italians of Savoy and Corsica, and the Celts of Brittany, into French citizens. At the present moment the same absorbing process continues the attractions of French culture are breaking down the opposition of Islam, and forming an African province of France in Algeria; and French Indo-China has, in its effect, mitigated the alienation of the unrest that has swept the subject races throughout the British domain.

Anyone surprising results are baffling to anyone who sees in France only an over-rich middle class, an unconscious peasantry, a crowd of busy, officious functionaries, and a licentious capital. Those who have been privileged to get an insight into the so-called institutions of the French, their Latin affability, and their intellectual curiosity which prompts them to be forever inquiring and disputing, recognize that these qualities confer on them, in their effect, mitigated the alienation of the unrest that has swept the subject races throughout the British domain.

What a Boy Should Know
Great Student Outlines Plan of a Boy's Education
Lord Kelvin was a brilliant boy who became a great and learned man. He entered the university when he was eleven, and was a professor of philosophy at twenty-two. It is not recorded of him that he ever refused to study a subject or found any branch of learning useless. As an old man of eighty-three this great student outlined, says Mr. Arthur Warren, in "London Days," the plan of a boy's education. "By the age of twelve," said he, "a boy should have learned to write his own language with accuracy and some elegance; he should have reading knowledge of French, should be able to translate Latin and Greek authors and should have some acquaintance with the German. Having learned the meaning of words, a boy should study logic. I never found that the study of Greek or Latin was a hindrance to my acquiring some knowledge of natural philosophy."

No Difference to Him
Workmen were making repairs on the wires in an Idaho schoolhouse one Saturday when a small boy wandered in.

"What you don't," he asked, "installing an electric switch," one of the men replied.

"The boy then volunteered. 'I don't care. We've moved away from it to this school any more.'"

Prosperity Of Canada Depends On Development Of Our Natural Resources

The urgent necessity of removing from the immigration laws of Canada all irksome restrictions which are hampering the entry into Canada of good settlers for the unimproved lands and forests of the Dominion was presented in no uncertain terms by Lord Shaftesbury, chairman of the C.P.R., speaking before the Junior Bar Association of Montreal in the Reform Club.

"The natural feeling that grew out of the war," said his Lordship, "encouraged the placing of restrictions on immigration that have been most disastrous in their results. We must have these restrictions removed. We must have settlers from all over the world, not artisans, but men who will go out on our lands and our forests and fisheries and help to develop these resources, and there must be an insistent demand on Parliament to pass legislation that will open the doors to them."

His Lordship further pointed out the need of making good Canadian citizens of these immigrants, and the foster throughout the Dominion the spirit of Canadian citizenship.

Lord Shaftesbury pointed out the need of making good Canadian citizens of these immigrants, and the foster throughout the Dominion the spirit of Canadian citizenship.

Speculation In Russia

Food and Clothing Sent Where Prices Are Double
Russia is the money mad. Almost everybody from the humblest peasant to the erstwhile aristocrat is thinking, dreaming, talking of money. Public events, life, death, all else go by the board.

As the people drop dizzily, week by week, cease to talk or do business in millions, as a few months ago. Now everyone's money conscience is not a millionaire but a billionaire and soon they will be trillionaires. A million rubles lately has been equivalent to \$2, a billion to \$200,000, according to his wit.

There is speculation in cloth. Most of the good cloth now in Russia is smuggled in. A little money is paid here, there, everywhere, and the cloth gets in. Then speculation takes place in its distribution. In the south of Russia cloth is cheap, hence it must be transported to the centre or north, where two or three times its cost may be obtained. If sent to Siberia, the profit is immense. Speculation in food is the biggest private trade. Millions of moving flour, fruit and wine to the centres of high prices.

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An Absentee
Why are so many things set down to the Devil's account? Is it the "Devil's Pulpit," the "Devil's Spindle," and the "Devil's Cheeseboard," all mentioned in history. There is the "Devil's Chair" in Ireland. Why was the Devil given credit for things which are all in reality quaint beauty marks in the land. "The Devil's Punchbowl" in Ireland is worth a story. A tourist once commented on this to the driver of his outside car. "The Devil seems to own a lot of property about here," he said. "He does, yer 'oner, but like the rest of the landlords he lives in England." Was the reply—Montreal Gazette.

Quick Newspaper Work
Just before his train left Paddington, Princess Mary accepted from a representative of the Star a copy of that journal's special 2 o'clock issue, containing a photograph of the wedding ceremony in Abbey, and also many other photographs of the event. —Newspaper World, London.

Coleman Happenings

Mr. John Graham was at home over Sunday.

Mr. Joseph Hovan spent the week-end in Lethbridge.

Mr. W. L. Outhette has returned from a visit with his daughter at Nelson.

Mrs. Ed McDonald, who spent the Easter holidays in Pincher Creek, returned to her home last week end.

Mrs. E. Disney and her daughter, Miss Elsa, have returned to Coleman, after spending many months in England.

A number of Coleman people attended the dance given by the Golf Club at Blairmore on Friday evening last and report a very enjoyable time.

Mrs. Chaput's sewing class gave a bazaar and sale of work on Saturday afternoon. The weather was unfavorable, but the girls had a very fine exhibition of their work.

The Coleman Tennis Club met on Thursday evening last for the purpose of re-organizing for the 1922 season. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. Father McCormick; Vice-President, Mr. Charles Scott; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. Ed McDonald. The courts have been

repaired and are in good shape for playing now.

The play entitled, "Clubbing a Husband," given by the G. G. I. T. girls in the Grand Theatre on Friday evening, April 21st, was well attended. The girls made their first appearance on the stage on that night and showed a great deal of talent in the art of acting. They deserve a great deal of credit and praise for the able way in which they took their respective parts.

Thomas Longworth, Dr. Lovering and K. D. Johnson have been elected advisory commissioners for the city of Lethbridge.

In all probability the town of Coleman will buy the present waterworks system from the International Coal & Coke Co.

A punch board was stolen on Monday morning from Martell's barber shop at Bellevue. The police are on the trail of the guilty parties.

The face of Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle, film clown, will not appear on the screen in Alberta for a while at least, it has been announced.

The United States flag by Huron, of the Asiatic squadron, has received rush orders to sail for Glina, because of disturbed conditions there.

COLEMAN LOSES

WORTHY CITIZENS

Mr. and Mrs. W. Laing left Coleman on Monday's train for Hazenmore, Sask. Great regret is felt at their departure from Coleman, as they have taken such a lively interest in everything pertaining to the welfare of the community.

Mr. and Mrs. Laing were members of the Institutional church, and were members of the choir and teachers in the Sunday School. Mr. Laing was very active in the Men's Own also. Being a Y.M.C.A. man, he was a great favorite with the class of boys, and Trail Rangers. Mrs. Laing took a very kindly and keen interest in her girls, the Pathfinders. Both organizations were devoted to their teachers.

On Saturday afternoon the Pathfinders met and presented Mrs. Laing with an ivory photo frame as a token of their respect and esteem for her.

After the evening service the choir met with Mr. and Mrs. Laing and after short addresses by members of the choir, expressing their regret and feeling of loss and also of good wishes, Mr. Lewis Jones, president of the choir, presented them with a beautiful silver spoon holder as a memento of their stay among them. Mr. Laing feelingly replied and spoke of the happy times they had had together. Mr. Laing has accepted a position with the Prairie Hardware Co., of Hazenmore.

Mother—"Why is your little brother crying? Didn't you let him have a swing with you as I told you?"

Billy—"No, but I gave him something just as good, a left hook under the jaw!"

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Estimates Given

Blairmore, Alberta



Blairmore Lodge, No. 68, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: J. Patterson, N.G.; W. T. Patterson, V.G.; M. B. Huffman, E.S.; J. B. Harmer, F.S.; J. Montalbeti, Treas.

Crows' Nest Encampment No. 8, meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month in the L.O.O.F. hall at 8 p.m. Officers for ensuing term: J. Patterson, C.P.; W. T. Patterson, S.W.; A. Morency, J.W.; Wm. Patterson, Scribe; J. Montalbeti, Treasurer.

Crowview Rebekah Lodge, No. 66, meets the first and third Thursdays of the month at 8 p.m. Officers: Sister Patterson, N.G.; Sister Fraser, V.G.; Sister Evans, R.S.; Sister Walker, F.S.; Sister Pinkney, Treas.

Bellevue Lodge No. 118, meets every Monday night at 8 p.m. Officers: F. Padgett, N.G.; H. Jepson, V.G.; H. Barless, R.S.; J. Wyatt, Treas.

Armistice Encampment No. 17, Bellevue, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: A. B. Carr, C.P.; Stephen Berry, H.P.; Harry Jepson, S.W.; Fred Padgett, J.W.; E. Escoffin, treasurer; Charles W. Ray, Scribe, Box 6

Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge No. 67, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: Sister Christie, N.G.; Sister Barless, V.G.; Sister P. Hallworth, R.S.; Sister Litherland, F.S.; Sister Goodwin, Treas.

Visitors of the Order are cordially invited to attend the above lodges.



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Four-door, 40-horsepower,
112-inch wheelbase
New-tilt Cowl Valve front and
rear wheels

It is no longer necessary to buy an expensive automobile in order to obtain the essentials and comforts of the costly car.

Studebaker has settled that. You can now buy a LIGHT-SIX for only \$1495, f. o. b. Walkerville, Ont., and get a car that rivals the higher priced ones in every advantage that goes to make up permanent satisfaction.

You want a serviceable car. The LIGHT-SIX has a 40-horsepower motor which is powerful, flexible and is practically free from vibration because of Studebaker's method of machining the crankshaft and connecting rods.

You want good looks. You get good looks in the LIGHT-SIX.

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And you want refinements. Standard equipment on the LIGHT-SIX includes cowl ventilator operated from the instrument board; cowl parking lights at base of the windshield; inside and outside door handles; large, rectangular plate glass window in rear curtain; ignition lock and a thief-proof transmission lock, reducing the rate of insurance to LIGHT-SIX owners 15 to 20 per cent; and cord tires.

You can pay more and not get the satisfaction the LIGHT-SIX will give. But you can't get, for the same price, a value that is even comparable to the LIGHT-SIX.

Studebaker has been building quality vehicles and selling them at fair prices for 70 years.

Touring, \$1495; 3-Passenger Roadster, \$1495; Coupe-Roadster, \$1925; Sedan, \$2425. All prices f. o. b. Walkerville, Ont.

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Quality the Best. Prices Moderate.

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Call and get our color scheme and prices.

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ALBERTA

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ARE YOU READY TO GET YOUR FULL SHARE OF ENJOYMENT OUT OF THEM?

I WILL BE GLAD TO HELP YOU BY MAKING YOU ACQUAINTED WITH THE TWO

World Famous Leaders

AND FRIENDS OF THOSE WHO LOVE TO SPEND THEIR HOLIDAYS IN THE OPEN, NAMELY

Mr. McLaughlin Four

AND

Mr. Ford Touring

\$727.00 AND \$1560.00 DELIVERED TO YOU—

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BLAIRMORE

ALBERTA

The Lethbridge city council has granted \$1000 to the Y.M.C.A., in order to help keep the building in operation for community service.

Flocks of wild geese passed through Blairmore last night. John the Greek will not be at home again this season until after August 15th.

GENERAL CHANGE

in—

TRAIN SERVICE

effective

SUNDAY, APRIL 30, '22

Time for trains at BLAIRMORE:

DAILY

Eastbound.	No. 68—10.45 p.m.
Westbound	No. 67— 8.20 a.m.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY	
Eastbound	No. 68—10.05 a.m.
Westbound	No. 68— 4.25 p.m.

TRANS-CANADA LIMITED, Nos. 7 and 8, all standard sleeping cars, between Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver, will be resumed. First train leaves each of these points on May 21 1922.

SOO-PACIFIC EXPRESS, Trains 13 and 14, between St. Paul and Vancouver will be resumed, first through train from St. Paul and Vancouver June 4th, 1922.

For further particulars apply to any Ticket agent.

J. E. PROCTOR,
District Passenger Agent
Calgary, Alberta

FOR SALE

One Pure-Bred Shetland Pony, to foal soon, for sale at a bargain.

One Model 90. Overland Five-Passenger Car in First Class condition, good as new and guaranteed.

Also a Trailer.

Apply to—
CHARLES SARTORIS
Blairmore, Alberta

EDGEMORE
TEA is good tea

Keeps Fresh and Fragrant in the Sealed Package

Cure For Hard Times

Business conditions in Canada are not good at the present time, and while this Dominion is probably in better shape than most countries, that in itself is poor consolation. Instead of endeavoring to find excuses for present conditions, the chief business of every individual citizen should be to find a remedy and effect an improvement. And the hopeful feature of the situation is that an improvement is not contingent on what governments, banks and big financial and industrial corporations may, or may not, do. Betterments will be the result of the actions of individuals.

Somebody made the remark a short time ago that hard times had come. This is challenged by one of the most widely travelled and best informed men in Western Canada who says that the person making such a remark was in error, and that he should have said "soft times have gone." We are not so sure that even this is the correct way of putting it. Rather we would say that too many people are acting on the assumption that soft times have come.

There is only one remedy for the existing economic ills from which all are suffering, and that is work. Not work by a few, but work by all. Not a minimum of work, but the full maximum of work of which one is capable. Not work as it is advocated by the six-to-eight hour day, five days a week, agitators but work as understood in the biblical injunction "six days shalt thou labor"—that is a hard, honest day's work.

A financial man who recently made an extended trip throughout Western Canada studying conditions, states that wherever he went he heard such questions as, "What are the banks going to do?" "What are the manufacturers, the railways, the Governments, the farmers, going to do?" But in no single instance did he hear a business man or artisan say what HE was going to do. There is, as this man said, a mighty serious epidemic of "Let George do it" sweeping the country at the present time, and many business men have the disease in a more or less virulent form.

Commenting on the situation as this man found it, a writer in one of the trade journals says: "It has got so that the popular indoor and outdoor sport of today is 'passing the buck,' and yet we are wondering what is the matter with business. We are all waiting for the other fellow to start something, and feel deeply offended when he signals for us to make the first move. The world has grown so used to play that it cannot settle down to work. The boss is talking and thinking golf. In a few weeks he will be playing golf, and his employees pattern themselves upon him. The stenographer spends the best part of her short working day planning what she will wear to the next dance. The office boy is wondering how many grandmothers he will be able to satisfy during the baseball season. It is the aftermath of the boss taking up golf, under the excuse that he is keeping himself fit to play more golf."

"There's nothing wrong with business that I can see," said this observant traveller, "but there is a whole lot wrong with business men. Too many people are drawing their pay and their breath, and that is about all they do draw—they are trying to look prosperous even if they don't feel prosperous. They are wondering, and waiting, for others to get busy while idling themselves."

It is well to remember, declares the trade journal from which we have already quoted, that success comes in cans and failures in cans. There is only one letter between the two, but it makes all the difference in the world as far as results are concerned, and it is results that count.

The remedy for present hard times, is to get away from all our mis- present-day delusions, and to get back to the good old biblical methods, namely, hard work, bending the back, elbow grease and by the sweat of brow, coupled with the average amount of brains and general thrift, things will soon right themselves.

The great present-day need is confidence coupled with energy and a will to do. Confidence in our country's institutions, and above all confidence in ourselves. It is time we quit blaming all our mis- fortunes and troubles on the war, and after-effects. Millions of men and women during the war learned to look to Governments and semi-government institutions for clothing, food, and the wherewithal to live. This was inevitable when men were taken from their ordinary avocations for military service. But the time has long since arrived when people must stop leaning on such supports, and must exert themselves and provide for themselves. Instead of relying on others to do for them, they must do for themselves. In a word, they must develop their old self confidence and set to work for themselves.

Until all individuals realize these things, and until they learn that a continuance of so-called soft times in real means and brings about hard times, the country will wallow in the slough of business depression and unemployment.

New Primer for Western Schools

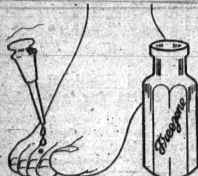
Has Been Prepared by Edmonton Woman Teacher

The kiddies in the primary grades of the public schools are to have a new reading book and a committee of provincial primary experts met at the Department of Education in Edmonton with John T. Ross, deputy minister of education, acting as host, the following representatives of the four western provinces were present:

Miss A. Gertrude Jackson, Calgary.

CORN

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Fresno" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Fresno" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

for Alberta; Miss E. E. Rankin, Saskatoon, for Saskatchewan; Miss Rebecca Rogers, Winnipeg, for Manitoba; and Miss Kinsley, for British Columbia. These form a standing committee appointed some time ago to deal with the matter.

A new primer has already been prepared and was before the committee for examination. It is the work of Miss E. M. Buzzett, of the Edmonton Normal School, who bases her compilation for the primary grades according to modern ideas of what little reading books for little readers should be.

Educational Films
Over 50,000 persons in Saskatchewan viewed the twenty-six educational films distributed by the Provincial Government during 1921. These films, which are leased free of charge, cover a wide variety of subjects, such as tree planting, better bulls, marketing eggs, farm boys' camps, household science, selecting livestock, etc.

Ontario Mineral Production
It is estimated that in the decade's history of mining in Northern Ontario, the various mines have contributed more than \$750,000,000 to the wealth of Ontario.

Maxine Elliott is now the only actress whose name is borne by any New York theatre.

Keep your store of smiles, and your kindest thought, for home; give the world only those you have to spare.

W. M. D. 1417

A Shark Tannery

Will Tan Hides of Sharks at Plant on Vancouver Island

It is planned to start a shark tannery on the west coast of Vancouver Island. The plant will be on a large scale, two boats being engaged in the operations. The hide of the shark is suited to the manufacture of leather of superior quality, for use in gloves, bags, purses and shoes. A very little oil is extracted and used for medicinal purposes and lubrication. The fins are used in making gelatine. There are many sharks on the west coast, and the industry should become a lucrative one.

DIGESTIVE TROUBLES CAUSE MUCH DISTRESS

Are Nearly Always Due to Thin, Watery Blood

Do not think that because your stomach is easily upset you are the victim of some serious malady. One of the most common causes of indigestion is anæmia, or thin, watery blood. In fact it has become generally recognized that healthy activity of the stomach is impossible unless the blood is rich and red.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been found valuable in cases of indigestion, nervous dyspepsia and stomach weakness, just because they are a blood builder and nerve tonic. The rich, red blood following their use not only imparts a healthy digestion, but carries color to the cheeks and lips, and gives vigor to the muscles. One important point to remember is that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain no harmful drugs or opiates and are thus to be preferred to preparations that merely stimulate for a time. Before you begin worrying unnecessarily about your state of health, try the tonic treatment of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You will be surprised to see how rapidly your appetite returns and your debilitated system revives.

Miss Sarah Farguhar, North Brookfield, N.S., has proved the value of these pills in cases of this kind says: "For a long time I was a sufferer from indigestion, which seemed to be a complication of other troubles. Every meal brought misery with it, as the eating was followed by severe pains in the stomach, causing at times nausea and vomiting, and at other times an accumulation of gas that caused severe palpitation of the heart and a smothering sensation. The result was that my general health was seriously affected and the least exertion would tire me out. I had taken much medicine, but did not get more than temporary relief until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which I took for a considerable time with the result that I now enjoy every meal and am no longer distressed after eating. I feel better, my digestion is enjoying better health, and I cheerfully recommend these pills to similar sufferers."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box and ten boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Rubber Pavements

There may be built as an experiment in Copenhagen a street pavement of rubber for a distance of 220 yards. It is claimed that it would last for fifty years. The noiseless pavement of the court to the Savoy Hotel in London is of rubber, and has been admired by tourists from all parts of the world. But it is a form of pavement that has been considered too expensive for general use.

Asthma Cannot Last
The cure of all asthma cases is easily used. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assuredly deserves this exalted title. It is the result of thousands of cases which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings help to, even the most desperate and brings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

Britain Pays Again

U.S. Receives Second Installment for Silver Bought During War
Payment of \$19,672,500 by Great Britain as the second installment on the debt of \$122,000,000 created by the Government's purchase of silver during the war has been reported by the treasury of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The payment consisted of \$18,300,000 of principal and \$1,372,500 of interest. A further installment of \$12,000,000 on the debt is due May 15, which will cut Great Britain's debt in half.

Under the arrangement for payment by Great Britain the silver purchases, the debt will be liquidated in May, 1924, these payments being entirely apart from the \$5,000,000,000 of war loans due the United States from Great Britain.

Chinese Guarded Silk Secret

For centuries after its first discovery China carefully preserved the secret of silk culture, and amassed great wealth by exporting it to India, Persia and Arabia.

England has a mill-girl magistrate in the person of Miss Mary Anne Dewa, a cloth-wearer in the town of Dewsbury, and who has recently been appointed a justice of the peace.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.

Artificial Daylight

Surprising Results are Obtained by Use of Special Colored Glass

One of the most interesting problems in illumination is to provide an artificial source of light which will exactly reproduce ordinary daylight. Such a source of light is invaluable in the textile industry and for the making of fabrics. One way of obtaining the desired result is to filter the light of an electric or other lamp through special glasses, but a British inventor recently produced another form in which all the light is reflected from an umbrella shaped reflector on which patches of certain colors are painted. All the light used comes from this reflector and is modified by the colors to give a very exact imitation of daylight. An improved form of this artificial daylight apparatus has just been patented. The new device consists of two layers of material perforated with holes so that a certain number of spots of the colors are exposed. Radial strips of another color are placed over the perforated layers, the whole arrangement being mechanically strong and giving the correct areas of the various colors to provide artificial daylight.

Say Canada is Better Market

Conditions Here Much Better Than in U.S. at Present

N. T. Bowman, advertising manager of the Toronto Telegram, who returned from an extended visit to a number of Eastern United States cities, says that many American concerns and sales conditions much better in Canada than in the U.S. at present.

One large firm which uses newspapers almost exclusively in both countries, carrying space of identical size in papers on both sides of the border, and keeping close check reports that during the past year their sales declined 14 per cent. in the United States as compared with only 6 per cent. in Canada.

Another firm, manufacturing a well-known toilet specialty, although not divulging actual figures, is not less thoroughly convinced of the superiority of conditions in Canada at the present time. This concern also pays scrupulous attention to results, and it is as a direct outcome of their recent experience that they have recently commenced a very extensive campaign in Canada, using large space in newspapers and magazines.

Mr. Bowman reports that both agencies and advertisers in the United States are devoting a great deal more attention to Canada than has been the case for many years.

Interesting Export Order

One of the most interesting export orders received by a Canadian manufacturer was recently booked by Casartre Freres, Limited, of St. Hyacinthe, Que. It was for an organ to be installed in Paris, France, next September, and is important in that it is the first instrument of the kind to be shipped from this continent to Europe. The organ has three manuals, 10 stops and over 3,000 pipes.

'Was Bad For Business

A grocer is suing the Muskegoe, Oklahoma, Daily Phoenix for damages, alleged to have been suffered through the paper carelessly or accidentally leaving out his advertisement. He claims that the loss of business was serious, although only one insertion was omitted.

Girls attending the San Francisco high school of commerce have placed a ban on silk hosiery.

ONTARIO MOTHER HELPS DAUGHTER

Mother—watch your daughter's health. From the time she reaches the age of twelve until womanhood is established she needs your care and advice. Let her have suffered years of ill-health through lack of such care during this time.

Dr. E. F. Atkinson's Vegetable Compound is a splendid medicine for girls and women. For nearly fifty years it has been helping mothers and daughters. Let it help you and your daughter.

Thirteen-year-old daughter was thirteen and until she was fifteen she suffered every month so that she could hardly move around the house and when she would have the pains in school she would have to leave to be carried home. Besides the pains and the irregularity she also had headache, dizziness and faint spells and soreness in her back. I saw your advertisement in the Spectator and read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for her. She does not suffer any more and she is now healthy and we both recommend your medicine. She works in a candy-shop and she has been helping mothers and daughters. Let it help you and your daughter.

Mr. L. R. Littlefield, of McNary County, Tenn., has 234 direct descendants, including 77 grandchildren, 133 great-grandchildren, and 14 great-great-grandchildren. Mrs. Littlefield is 92 years old.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Rheumatism Is Now Gone And Wellington Walks Well As Ever

"I heard so many people telling me that Talcid had done for them that I tried it in my own case and I am convinced it is a wonderful medicine," said David Wellington, a well-known drug clerk, Harpersburg, Manitoba.

"For five years I had been a sufferer from rheumatic fever. I simply asked all over from head to foot and my bones felt like they were going to crack. My knees were so stiff actually I used to walk like I had wooden legs, and I just dragged one foot after

the other. Everything I ate seemed to sour on my stomach and I was bothered a good deal with backache and headaches."

"I began to improve gradually from the first dose of Talcid and kept it up until my stomach was in perfect condition and the rheumatism had left me. I am in splendid health now and feel that it is only right that I should tell my experience so that others who suffer as I did may know where they may get relief, too."

Talcid is sold by all good druggists.

Smocking Leaves Waist For Hat Where It Shines In Steel Beads



Charm of line in bluebird model caps fashioned of black satin with smocking in tiny steel beads is this bit of millinery.

Fasting For Health

English Physician Claims to Have Discovered New Idea

A secret for the preservation of good health is claimed to have been discovered by the English physician, Dr. Leonard Williams, who writes about it in the Lancet. He has observed in the case of himself and numerous patients that a fast of a few days strengthened the body against all kinds of diseases and kept all of them youthful, fresh and elastic. Dr. Williams prescribes a three-day fast with no food of any kind and only water to drink. Those who submit to this treatment lose the first day of the fast, the second, resignation; the third, rejoicing and rejuvenation. The rationale of its beneficence, according to Dr. Williams, is probably as follows: In the ordinary routine of town life we do not completely oxidize all that is taken into the body. There remains a residue, which is only partly oxidized. These "semi-oxidized," as he calls them, are mildly but cumulatively toxic and give rise to many of the minor ailments and discomforts of everyday life.

Kitchen Lore
The lighter the pastry the more the flour is sifted.
Rice is delicious boiled in milk and served with sugar and cinnamon.
Hot unweasted cocoa may be used instead of scalding milk in custard for those who prefer the chocolate flavor.

Add a teaspoonful of baking powder to old potatoes when they are to be mashed. It will make them light and creamy.
Add a little salt to the water when preparing hard-boiled eggs. The eggs when taken from the water, cracked and the shell is easily removed without the white sticking fast.

Domestics for Saskatchewan
A total of 242 domestics have been brought to Saskatchewan from the United Kingdom under the Government's assisted passage scheme. The total amount advanced to such domestics as loans was \$29,593, and of this amount \$24,190 has been repaid.

Mr. L. R. Littlefield, of McNary County, Tenn., has 234 direct descendants, including 77 grandchildren, 133 great-grandchildren, and 14 great-great-grandchildren. Mrs. Littlefield is 92 years old.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Perk Up and Smile

Blues and Backache Vanish

"Toronto, Ont.—'Less than a year ago I was in a very poor state of health; my back ached dreadfully and I could scarcely drag myself around to do my housework. I started to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and I cannot praise it too highly. The backache and pains disappeared entirely and I soon was restored to perfect health. I know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best woman's medicine, for nothing ever helped me as much as this 'Prescription.' I have no hesitancy in recommending it to other women who suffer as I did. M. Kathleen Whistler, 12 Woodbine St."

highly for the great benefit received. The backache and pains disappeared entirely and I soon was restored to perfect health. I know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best woman's medicine, for nothing ever helped me as much as this 'Prescription.' I have no hesitancy in recommending it to other women who suffer as I did. M. Kathleen Whistler, 12 Woodbine St."

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Reap the Reward of Perfect Health

Orillon, Ont.—"I had a bad case of woman's trouble, suffered from backache, nervousness, and disordered digestion. I had great pain all the time, sometimes I would faint at my work. I had helped me as much as I could but it did me no good. I then took nine bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it freed me up all right. I look much better and feel fine. I will recommend the 'Prescription' to all suffering as I did. Mrs. Maybelle B. Gratrix, Box 940."

Health is most important to every woman. You cannot afford to neglect it when your neighborhood druggist can supply you with Favorite Prescription in tablets or liquid as the 'Prescription' is made in Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeport, Conn. Send 10c there if you wish a trial box.

Negotiations Opened For The Removal Of British Cattle Embargo

Ottawa.—The seven-year-old issue of the British embargo on Canadian cattle again found expression in the House. Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, intimated that negotiations with a view to removal of the embargo had been opened with the Imperial authorities. Cable communications were in progress, although their nature he could not at present divulge.

Mr. Motherwell was confident that when the British House voted on the embargo it would be wisely. He was hopeful, too, that Canada and the United States would come together and better markets for Canadian cattle would be found south of the line.

Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, leader of the Opposition, and Hon. Dr. S. F. Timmins, who was Minister of Agriculture in the Meighen administration, were both keenly critical of the part played in England by Hon. Manning Doherty, Ontario Minister of Agriculture, in campaigning for the removal of the embargo. On English soil, he had appealed to the viewpoint of agriculture in the Meighen administration, but in Canada, sharply queried Mr. Meighen, what would be the effect of it? Mr. Motherwell did not contest in the references to Mr. Doherty, and R. H. Halbert, voicing the viewpoint of an Ontario Progressive, added the report that Conservatives might go on playing politics—the people of Ontario would give Mr. Doherty credit were the embargo removed.

The discussion, however, when agriculture estimates were in committee of supply, a vote of a million dollars for livestock being more particularly in review.

Votes for the Department of Agriculture were taken up and several items passed rapidly. These included \$137,000 for the fruit branch; \$1,710,000 for health of animals; and \$15,000 for publications.

In connection with the second of these, Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, explained that half a million was for the purpose of combating tuberculosis in cattle.

Register Newspaper Owners

Ottawa.—A bill introduced by S. W. Jacobs (Liberal, George Elzoune Carter) in the House provides that "every proprietor of a newspaper who fails to register in the office of the Secretary of State for Canada declaration as to the ownership of such newspaper, is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years' imprisonment or to a fine of \$1,000 or to both."

Churchill Meets With Accident
London.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for the Colonies, was severely shaken up by a fall from his horse while riding at Chester. The hope is expressed that he will recover within a few days.

Compulsory Powers Of Wheat Board Are Not Allowable

Ottawa.—Reconstitution of the Canadian Wheat Board, with compulsory powers, as requested in the memorandum of the Canadian Council of Agriculture and pressed for by Progressive members of the House of Commons, is ultra vires the Parliament of Canada, according to an opinion by the Deputy Minister of Justice, E. L. Newcombe, and tabled in the Commons by the Prime Minister, Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King.

Mr. Newcombe, whose opinion is concurred in by Sir Lomer Gouin, Minister of Justice, and Hon. D. D. McKenzie, Solicitor-General, holds that the appointments of a Wheat Board, with compulsory powers, interfere with the rights of provinces and of individuals and is, therefore, against the provisions of the British North America Act, 1867. Parliament, however, has an undoubted right to create a board with voluntary powers.

"It is my opinion," said Mr. Newcombe, in the document tabled, "that the reconstitution of the Wheat Board in the present circumstances with the powers conferred thereon by the order in council is a project constitutionally incompetent to the Parliament of Canada."

The Deputy Minister of Justice deals at length with the powers which were conferred upon the old Canada Wheat Board, and says: "It will be perceived that these powers

Wants Deep Sea Racing

Ottawa.—Further promotion of deep sea racing between Canadian fishing vessels and the fishing vessels of other nations is being urged by William Duff, Lunenburg, N.S., in a resolution for discussion by the Commons. Mr. Duff is asking the House to affirm that: "In order to encourage the shipbuilding and fishing industry, it is advisable that every possible assistance be given to the promotion and maintenance of international deep sea racing between Canadian deep sea fishing vessels and other nations." Mr. Duff will likely press for a Federal grant of \$5,000 or so to enable the Canadian fishermen to conduct elimination races.

Several Injured In Severe Storm

Telephone Lines Torn Down and Building Unroofed at Windsor.

Windsor.—Sweeping down from the northwest, a windstorm of high velocity, accompanied by rain and hail, lifted the roof from the building of the Chick Construction Company, buried it across the road and wrecked it across the road and wrecked it across the road. None of the workers in the building were injured. All power lines between Windsor and Amherstburg were wrecked by the storm. Additional damage was caused by uprooted trees and telegraph poles and several persons received minor injuries when struck by the flying debris carried in the wake of the storm. The thermometer dropped 30 degrees, in 30 minutes falling from 60 to 30 between 4 and 4.30 p.m.

Miners Withdrawing Savings

Idle Workers in Pennsylvania Give Notice to Banks

Hazleton, Pa.—The first drain of reserve funds by the idle anthracite mine workers since the suspension began nearly three weeks ago, was noted by local bankers, who said that a number of notices for the withdrawal of money from savings accounts have been received. The cash is not being taken out in large amounts it was stated.

Soviets Will Control Fuel

Moscow.—A new department of the Soviet Government will be created to regulate the electrical power and fuel industry, it is announced from the Kremlin. The new bureau will correspond in many respects to the public utility commissions maintained in the United States.

Schools in Sweden Are Using Films

Elaborate Plans Being Made for Teaching from Movie Screen

Stockholm.—Swedish school children are beginning to read their lessons from the movie screen. The use of educational films is becoming more and more a part of the lower grade curriculum, even in the most remote districts, and leading educators are making elaborate plans to extend the scope of "film classes."

In the city of Gælle, Northern Sweden, the children are said by visiting American professors to know more about Manhattan Island, than young students in western parts of the United States who never have visited the metropolis.

One of the most prominent champions of films as a means of study is Prince William, second son of King Gustaf, who has taken complete motion picture outings with him on his trips of exploration through Central America and South Africa.

Solve Mystery of Missionary's Death

Report Shows Priest Was Drowned in Northern Lake

Edmonton, Alta.—The mystery attaching to the death of Rev. Father P. Frapace, of the Great Bear Lake Roman Catholic Mission, has at last been cleared. Major G. L. Jennings, officer commanding the R.C.M.P. here, has received a report from Staff Sergeant S. C. Clay, in charge of the Port Norman detachment, which shows that the missionary lost his life by drowning in the waters of the northern lake.

As is customary with the Mounted Police, every avenue of evidence in connection with the tragedy has been explored, and the report emphasizes the thorough manner in which investigations at the top of the map are made by Canada's frontier service.

Second Sum For Cancer Cure Discovery

Lord Atholstan Offers Another Hundred Thousand as Prize

Montreal.—Lord Atholstan, proprietor of the Montreal Star, has decided to donate the \$100,000 he is giving for cancer research to the Interior Cancer Research Fund of London, of which Earl Balfour is chairman, while a second sum of \$100,000 is offered as a prize for the discovery of a cure for cancer, it was learned here. This latter amount was the sum originally offered by Lordship and is open to the world, the award to be decided by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, of London, England.

Wheat Is Up In Alberta

Calgary.—J. E. Gustus, of Calgary, who has two farms in the Yankee Valley district between Aldridge and Irricana, is the first farmer to be credited with having wheat above ground. He had succeeded in planting 30 acres to crop before the recent storms and he received word that this was now showing and growing rapidly. The land, he says, was never in better condition, there being abundance of moisture to last until June.

Arbuckle Films Banned

New York.—Cancellation of all contracts for the showing of films in which Roscoe (Fatty) Arbuckle appears was announced by Will H. Hays, head of the Motion Picture Producers Association. This action, he said, affected nearly 10,000 contracts.

WESTERN EDITORS



J. M. George, Editor of The Times, Deloraine, Manitoba.

Airplane Badly Damaged

Aviators, Require 'New Machine to Continue Flight to Brazil

Rio Janeiro.—The Portuguese aviators who were attempting a flight from Portugal to Brazil, will be unable to proceed in their hydro-airplane from St. Paul Rocks. A few hundred miles short of their goal, where they landed because of damage to their machine, according to a Havas dispatch from Pernambuco. The message says their hydro-airplane was so badly damaged in effecting the landing that it is no longer usable. The aviators, however, expected to save the motor. The estimated distance down is approximately 900 miles, thus making the time of their airplane approximately 40 miles an hour. Plans had been made for the celebration on the arrival of the aviators at Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio Janeiro.

Losing Many Cattle

Experts Discover Dehorned Cattle Fed on Clover, Die

Toronto.—Correspondents of the Ontario Department of Agriculture in Bruce County, have discovered considerable loss of life among cattle has occurred in dehorning after being fed on sweet clover ensilage. They say several farmers have reported that on dehorning cattle they found considerable difficulty in stopping the blood flowing and in several instances the animals died to death. In all cases the cattle had been fed on the sweet clover diet.

Try to Stop Swearing Habit

Montreal.—The Licensed Victuallers' Association, the liquor dealers organization of Montreal, has had placards printed in both languages, nicely mounted and framed in glass, which they will distribute to all taverns, restaurants, etc., of this city calling for a cessation of the habit of swearing and blasphemy.

Germany's Claims Against Russia

London.—The total German claims against Russia, including bank deposits, railway shares and industrial claims generally, were about \$77,000,000, it is reported in financial circles of London. Against this, Russia, in accordance with the Versailles treaty, had claims several times greater.

British Doctor Dies

London.—The death in an operation of Sir Alfred Pierce Gould, widely known surgeon. He was 70 years of age.

The Treaty Between Russia And Germany Must Be Abrogated

Predicts End of Coal Strike

New York.—A break in the deadlock between bituminous coal operators and miners, and a peaceful settlement of the strike "within a few weeks," was forecast here by Sam Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. Government intervention to prevent a shortage of fuel for the nation will not become necessary, Mr. Gompers declared. "When it is demonstrated that the miners are standing firm and prepared to hold out, he asserted, 'the operators will agree to confer with them and a new wage agreement will be the result.'"

Would Stop Daylight Saving

Member Moves a Resolution in the Federal House

Ottawa.—Daylight saving held the stage in the House when W. P. Kay (Liberal, Mississauga) had a motion calling for an expression of opinion that "it is desirable that legislation should be introduced this session to prohibit the adoption of daylight saving time in any part of Canada." Generally speaking, the "trend" of opinion was against daylight saving, although the desirability of the resolution in its existing wording was questioned.

Wm. Durr (Liberal, Lacombe) had an amendment be moved that the motion merely expressed the opinion of the House that it is not desirable that daylight saving time be adopted in any part of Canada. Discussion was still in progress when the House adjourned. The resolution and amendment were given over on the order paper to the end of public bills and orders. It is unlikely that anything further will be heard of them this session.

High Price For Bread in Russia

Pound Loaf Now Being Sold for 120,000 Roubles

Helsingfors.—A person just arrived in Finland from Petrograd states that the price of bread in Russia during the last few days has been increased by leaps and bounds. The pound loaf cost on March 16th, 85,000 roubles; on the 17th, 90,000 roubles; on the 18th, 100,000 roubles; and on the 20th at Oserki, a few miles from Petrograd, 120,000 roubles were being charged.

No recent Petrograd figures are available for purposes of comparison, but the price of rye bread in Moscow on March 6 was 60,000 roubles the pound, and a month earlier 35,000 roubles.

Brule Mine Busy

Taking on Men at Rate of Ten a Day

Edmonton, Alta.—That the coal strike has far from crippled the Blue Diamond mine at Brule, in the contention of Manager Gordon Dickson. At present there are 425 men on the payroll of which number 210 are working underground and the daily output is 800 tons. The mine is running on the non-union, open shop basis and new men are being engaged at the rate of ten a day.

The management hopes to reach its former daily average of 1,500 tons daily before the end of the month. Representatives of the United Mine workers are still picketing the station at Brule.

Cannot Participate In Conference

San Marino Has Not Resumed Relations With Central Powers

Genoa.—San Marino, the smallest but oldest republic in the world, has applied through an accredited plenipotentiary for participation in the economic conference. Her envoy was told that San Marino had not yet resumed relations, juridically, with the Central Powers, and that she could not participate in negotiations between countries that were signatories to the peace treaties which terminated the world war.

Danes Sell Soviet Seed
Copenhagen.—In spite of the official Soviet declaration of a boycott on all Danish goods for Russia, the Soviet representative here signed a contract with Danish seedsmen for the early delivery in Russia of seed to the value of 3,000,000 kroner.

Paris.—Mr. Lloyd George is reported to be in a good mood, according to those who have informed Dr. Wirth, the German chancellor, that there were only two possible solutions of the present deadlock.

The first was that the Germans must cease to be admitted to the discussions of Russian affairs at the conference.

The second was that they must tear up and scrap the treaty made with the Russians.

Chancellor Wirth, the messenger while regarding the severity of the latter alternative, did not refuse to take it under consideration and is reported virtually to have accepted it in principle.

The German delegation is active among the other delegations, said these affairs in an effort to obtain a repeal of the Allied decision pronounced against them. The Germans were particularly insistent in pointing out to the Italian delegation that the departure of the German delegation from Geneva would greatly compromise the conference.

The German delegation was reported to be divided on Mr. Lloyd George's proposal that the Russo-German pact be scrapped, with Dr. Wirth accepting it in principle and Foreign Minister Rathenau opposing it.

No Notes Taken For Income Tax

Regarded Only As Acknowledgment of Debt, But Not As Payment

Ottawa.—Hon. W. S. Fielding takes the ground that it is undesirable to make public transactions between the Government and private citizens in regard to income tax. It was indicated by the finance minister in the House of Commons.

In reply to a question put by R. H. Halbert (Progressive, North Ontario) as to whether notes had been accepted by the Government in payment of income taxes in addition to the note received from the Riondon Pulp and Paper Company, Mr. Fielding said:

"Several notes were received, which were regarded by the officials as acknowledgment of the indebtedness, but not as payment. No such notes are now received."

"The Minister of Finance has doubt of the propriety of making public transactions between the Government and citizens respecting income tax. In England, it is understood such information is regarded as confidential. The right of Parliament to full information regarding public business is recognized, a predecessor of the present Minister of Finance held that if information of this kind was desired, a notice for it should be placed on the order paper, and upon discussion, the House should judge whether the public interest required it to be brought down."

British Arranging Loan to Brazil

Amount Is Understood to Exceed Five Million Pounds

London.—The London Times learns that the negotiations for a loan to the Brazilian Government are approaching completion. It is hoped to issue the loan within a fortnight. It will be issued by the Barings, Rothschilds & Schroder. The amount will be a considerable one. Its main purpose is to take up banking credits arranged last year against coffee warrants which are understood to exceed \$5,000,000. The loan will be secured on coffee.

Ammunition Dump Explodes

Belgrade.—A terrific explosion occurred at Monastir, in the southern part of old Serbia, when an ammunition dump blew up. The railroad station was destroyed and enormous damage otherwise done by the blast. The number of killed and wounded, says the despatch from Monastir reporting the explosion, is still unknown.

Abolish Police Forms

Vienna.—The police forms which every traveller in Austria was formerly obliged to fill out upon arrival in a city, giving intimate details of himself and his business, are to be abolished.

Living Cost Declines

London.—The cost of living in Great Britain fell a further four points in March. On April 1 it was still 25 per cent. above the pre-war level.

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Surprise For Blaimore Ladies

500 Pairs of LADIES' Patent
Leather OXFORD Shoes

Latest Styles, All Sizes, to go at

\$2.95 Per Pair

While on a buying trip to Calgary and Edmonton, I was lucky enough to secure 500 pairs of Ladies' Patent-Leather Oxfords, latest styles and all sizes from 2½ to 7, at a ridiculously low price, and am now giving the benefit of this deal to the ladies of Blaimore by putting them on sale at \$2.95 per pair. The regular price of these is \$7.50 and up.

Sale Commences SATURDAY, APRIL 29

These shoes will be on display in our windows on Friday. Come and see for yourself the great bargains.

I have also arranged to substantially reduce prices on my regular stock of

**GENTS' CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS,
BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS,
ETC., DURING THIS SALE.**

GALLAY'S

Two Doors West of Blaimore Hardware Store Victoria Street, Blaimore.

BLAIRMORE EXCHANGE

If you want Satisfaction and Bargains,
before going elsewhere, look over
our stock of

New and Second Hand Furniture

Blaimore Exchange, I. Comfort, Mgr.

Local and General Items

For funeral flowers phone 213.
Crows' Nest Pass Undertaking Co.

F. M. Steele, of Pincher Creek, has been in town the past few days.

Miss Margaret Kemmis, of Cowley, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gunn for a few days.

R. G. Vincent, of Coleman, has been under the weather for some time and is consulting specialists.

A man in Jersey City drank a bottle of furniture polish, thinking it to be liquor. It gave him a permanent finish.

Harry Lauder says that, next to the Bible the bank book is the world's greatest book. His may be, but ours is all Exodus and Lamentations.

WANTED—To hear from the owner of good Ranch for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush. Minneapolis. Minn.

Mrs. A. W. Robbins, with Miss Henrietta and Masters Willie and Hughie, were in Pincher Creek this week, attending the funeral of the late Mrs. Gunn.

A gold nugget, valued at \$1.35, was found in the gizzard of a chicken last week, and poultry farms are being guarded, while prospectors are on the trail.

People are wondering why a piece of sidewalk near the Cosmopolitan hotel keeps cracking. Well, a bottle of whiskey was lost there by a thirsty soul a few nights ago.

A Scotchman was dying in a London hospital. The doctor asked him if he thought anything would do him good. "Yea," said the Scot, "I should like to hear the bagpipes once again." The bagpipes were played to him for half an hour. He recovered, but all the other patients died.

In connection with the police shooting affray last week, we understand that some of the demands made by the owner of the car before Justice Gresham and Inspector Bevan were that the car be retopped, repainted and sold or bought, and that an apology satisfactory to all occupants of the car be made public by the police concerned.

Local Oddfellows will join with the Oddfellows at Bellevue on Sunday next in celebration of the anniversary of the Order by attending divine service. Rev. W. T. Young, of Blaimore Union church, will be the preacher. On the following Sunday, anniversary service will be held in Blaimore at 3 p. m., to be addressed by Rev. Brother Harry Peters, of Bellevue. Rebekahs and visitors are cordially requested to participate.

W. C. Bryan, superintendent of the Alberta provincial police, is the most likely man to take over the command of that body following the resignation of Commissioner Alfred Cuddy, who has been appointed assistant commissioner of the Ontario provincial police.

H. F. Lovel is the owner of a black Minorca hen that has yet to lay her first egg. The bird is two years old and has since a chick, been carefully looked after. A peculiar turn-up on the peak of the bill, something in the line of a freak of nature, prevents the hen from feeding herself to oats or grain, but this defect was overcome by members of the Lovell household handfeeding the bird, which long ago became the pet of the family. Every thing was done to induce the hen to produce some fruit, but for almost two years their efforts have been unsuccessful. And now the axe is being made ready for the faithless biddy.—North Sydney Herald.

TO RENT—Small, Furnished Cottage. Apply to S. J. Sargent, Box 33, Blaimore.

Dr. Davis, of Coleman, is now possessor of a brand new McLaughlin special.

Crops in Illinois have been damaged to the extent of a million dollars by floods.

A broken rail is believed to have caused the recent train wreck near Cowley.

Pete Schpak, of Bellevue, paid a fine of \$50 for illegally having liquor in his possession.

The dining room of the Bellevue Inn has been leased to run under the style of the Canada Cafe.

The ladies are already complaining that the new nickel is too large for their national banks.

Messrs Palmer and Fitzsimmons, Lethbridge aviators, will hop off for Ottawa about June the 21st, via the United States.

The statement is made that six to seven millions of Russians will have died of famine before the next crops are harvested.

P. M. Christophers, M. P. P., addressed a mass meeting of workers at the Union hall, Hillcrest, on Monday evening.

For being in possession of a still for manufacturing moonshine, Martin Ulrich, of Hillcrest, paid a fine of \$250. The apparatus, together with two barrels of mash, was confiscated.

The new C. P. R. Empress of Scotland will arrive at Quebec tomorrow on her maiden voyage. The new Empress is twenty-five thousand tons and the largest steamship to have navigated the St. Lawrence as far as Quebec.

Mrs. MacKenzie, of Calgary, daughter of Mr. L. Wilson, of Frank, will take up residence in Blaimore shortly in the house just vacated by Richard Randall. Mrs. MacKenzie's husband died a couple of weeks ago.

Mrs. R. Gunn, sister of Mrs. A. W. Robbins, died at Pincher Creek on Tuesday morning. Interment took place Wednesday forenoon and was very largely attended. Mrs. Gunn's husband predeceased her last year. She leaves three children. Mrs. F. LeVasseur, of Pincher Creek; Mrs. Alf. Robbins, of Blaimore, and Mrs. Dr. Mills, of Macleod, are surviving sisters.

That the seizure by the Saskatchewan Liquor Commission of a \$20,000 stock of liquor owned by the Regina Wine and Spirit Co., at Mooseomin, Sask., last November, was not legal is the judgment handed down by the Saskatchewan court of appeals.

Tourists are already on the move, and several cars from Stater and Coast points arrived at Fernie the early part of the week and are there awaiting the opening of the road over the Summit.

The grounds surrounding the new Greenhill hotel are being got in readiness for trees and shrubbery. We understand that the plans require an expenditure of over a thousand dollars on beautifying the hotel surroundings.

The new trial of J. F. Gallagher, charged with the murder of J. G. Coward, will likely start about May 21st. A. A. McGillivray, K. C., has been retained by the attorney-general's department, while A. Macleod, Sinclair, K. C., will defend.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Salvation Army, Sunday, April 30. Night at 7.30 in I.O.O.F. hall. Great Welcome meeting of Lieutenant Thersien.

All are welcome. Come and hear him.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

—EVERY ITEM MEANS A SAVING—

POTATOES, per 100 lbs	\$1.50
Excellent Stock—Every Sack Guaranteed.	
BLACK PITTED CHERRIES, per tin	25c
BLACK BERRIES, per tin	25c
PLUMS, per tin	25c
PURE STRAWBERRY JAM, per 4lb tin	95c
PURE RASPBERRY JAM, per 4lb tin	95c
—This jam is a B. C. pack and the quality is good—	
ST. CHARLES MILK, 7 tins for	\$1.00
Sour Pickles, Perfect Seal, in pint sealers	35c
Try a package of EXCELLO CAKE MIXTURE—4 flavors	
Chocolate, Devil's Food, Vanilla and Lemon, per package	35c; 3 packages for \$1.00.
ORANGES, per dozen	40c, 50c, 60c, 75c

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